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The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1846

November 21, 1919. Temperature 61.

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

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November 21, 1919. Temperature 68

No. 17,806.

五拜禮一號一廿月一十年九十一千一

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1919.

日九廿月九未己亥年八國民華中

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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

MEATH'S HOBBY.

EMPIRE DAY AND SPECIAL FLAG.

LONDON, Nov. 17.

The Empire Day movement with which the Earl of Meath is associated, is unanimously favouring the preparation of an imperial flag whereon will be displayed the Union Jack with symbols representing the dominions, crown colonies, and India. It is to be flown next Empire Day at all places of worship and public buildings throughout the United Kingdom, Ireland, and the British Empire, as a token of humble thanksgiving to Almighty God for the preservation of the empire. It was also resolved to approach the Prime Ministers of the United Kingdom and the dominions in favour of the observance of May 24 as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

BELGIAN ELECTIONS.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 17.

In the Belgian elections hitherto the Socialists have gained 23 seats, 15 from the Catholics and eight from the liberals, but the Catholics remain the majority in parliament.

FRENCH ELECTIONS.

PARIS, Nov. 17.

The election returns hitherto demonstrate that the Socialists are beaten everywhere except in the north. They were crushing defeated in their stronghold in the suburbs of Paris. The rout is attributed to their extreme Bolshevism. The ex-colonial governor Augagneur was among the defeated candidates.

Prominent men elected include ex-premier Briand, General Castelnau, and ex-minister Lebrun, who recently resigned in consequence of M. Clemenceau's electoral speech condemning his non-renunciation of the Socialists who favoured an early peace with Germany. M. Renoult, the leader of the Radicals was elected, but M. Longuet, the leader of the "Bolsheviks" was badly defeated. The votes are still being counted but the Republicans are apparently winning handsomely. There is the biggest poll on record.

HAVAS REVIEW.

PARIS, Nov. 12.

The anniversary of Armistice day was unofficially celebrated by high mass at the Invalides chapel, Marshal Foch being present. Other patriotic demonstrations were organised by scholars at the public schools.

The Government warden of Metz has got the cross of the Legion of Honour for unshaken loyalty to France during the German occupation of 48 years.

The coal prospect improves, reports from French ports showing increasing arrivals of coals.

French circles quote with much interest the declaration by Bonar Law in the House of Commons that the English government is not at all contemplating a new Prinkipo conference with the Bolsheviks, Lloyd George's speech at the Guildhall having been misunderstood.

Much comment arises over the presence of M. Pichon with President Poincare in London. Interviews were arranged between Pichon and Lloyd George and Curzon. Dense crowds cheered Poincare when he drove to the Guildhall where a magnificent lunch took place. At the Guildhall M. Poincare dealt with biting sarcasm on Germany's odious challenge to the spirit of the twentieth century when bombing Paris and London. He concluded by hoping that the French and English alliance would secure a reign of justice throughout the world.

The Paris printing workers strike is not yet to end. Only one paper, contributed to by all the Paris editors, has appeared.

RAILWAYMEN AND A CONCILIATION SCHEME.

LONDON, November 17.

The railwaymen Thomas, speaking at Bristol, said since the strike the whole situation had been reviewed with the government. He hoped the latter's offer to establish a joint Board for railways, composed of five general managers and five representatives of the locomotive men and the national union of railwaymen would be adopted. The Board would conduct all negotiations in connection with the conditions of service. Recognising that the Public ought to be considered in the event of the failure of these negotiations, and dispute would be referred to another body comprising four of the men's representatives, four from the railway companies, and four from the public, one of whom would be a trade unionist unconnected with railways. Another would be a representative of the co-operative movement. Local machinery for dealing with local questions would also be established. Three railwaymen would join the railway executive with co-equal powers to the general managers.

AFRICA.

SIR DAVID BRUCE WANTS TO START
AN EXPEDITION.

LONDON, Nov. 17.

The Times in an editorial, referring to Britain's enlarged responsibility for the future of Africa, says that Africa will require greater assistance to develop her resources and the outer world will have more need of her products. Ensuring changes will greatly increase the possible number of victims of tropical diseases, whereof sleeping sickness is the most dangerous. The Times refers to the report of Harcourt's committee thereon published in 1914, and says there must have been many changes in the distribution of the tsetse fly and diseases. Therefore it would be most valuable if a competent authority now traversed the whole region from the west coast to Uganda, down by Nyasaland to Rhodesia, to collect facts, arrange for correlation and research and preventive measures. The Times understands that Sir David Bruce is ready for such a task. It urges the Colonial office to take the necessary steps.

DARDANELLES COMMISSION.

FINAL REPORT.

LONDON, November 17.

The final report of the Dardanelles Commission thinks insufficient consideration was given to carrying out successfully necessary measures in connection with the Gallipoli expedition. The difficulties were underestimated. An essential condition which was not fulfilled was government concentration of efforts upon the enterprise with the resources then available, and the limitation of expenditure in men and material in the western theatre. The War Secretary should have made sure that the chief of the Imperial staff, Sir James Wolfe Murray, studied the conditions of military attack and the preparation of a general plan.

The Dardanelles commissioners pay tribute to Sir Hamilton's gallantry, energy, and determination. The extreme difficulty of his task is noted, especially as the Home authorities at first misconceived the nature and duration of the operations, but it would have been well if in the light of events Hamilton had examined the situation as disclosed by the first landings in a more critical spirit and submitted a comprehensive statement regarding the advisability or otherwise of a continuance of the operations. The commissioners think that after Lord Kitchener confirmed Sir Charles Monro's advice, the decision to evacuate should have been immediately taken.

(Continued On Page 5.)

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(Translated for the China Mail from

POLICY IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, November 18th.

In the House of Commons, during the debate on the Russian policy, Capt. the Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore deplored the delay in making peace with Turkey. He said that half the trouble in Egypt to-day was due to this continued delay.

Until a definite statement was made whether the Milner Commission was or was not going to Egypt, agitations there would continue. It was not intended to evacuate, let us say so and make it quite clear that we intended to be masters there.

Mr. Balfour pointed out that the difficulty in regard to Turkey was that we were unable to say exactly what we desired to do there. That would be unfair to the Allies. There must be a common Allied policy.

Nevertheless, it was a profound misfortune for all the populations in the Near East that the Peace Conference had not yet settled their future. It was not Britain's fault, but was due to the fact that America had not given a clear lead of her own policy. Until that was done, it was impossible to lay down the common policy of all the Associated Powers, of which America was one of the most important.

It was also true that the prevailing Turkish unrest was doing infinite harm and making it more difficult every day to do a satisfactory solution.

Mr. Balfour emphatically said that there was no shadow of truth in the reiterated statements that Britain's military occupation of Syria meant that she was going to remain dominant there. The difficulties before all the Western Mandatory Powers of the Arabs were great, but these should not be exaggerated.

The Arabs, for the first time for centuries, had played a great part in alliance with the Entente, and had especially shown their lives in close co-operation with the British troops, faithful, brave and efficient.

The prestige of the Arab race had consequently greatly risen, and he had every hope that there would be a resuscitation of the great Arab civilisation.

So far as the British and French were concerned, there could not be any rivalry in Syria.

We earnestly hoped, in friendliest co-operation with the French, and with the warmest regard for our Arab allies, to see all difficulties solved. He was absolutely confident that the unhappy spirit of unrest in Egypt produced by the war would be brought to an end, especially seeing that Field-Marshal Allenby was in control of the situation and perfectly understood the East—the birthplace of rumours—was full of the strangest legends concerning the policy of His Majesty's Government.

The Government's view was that these questions—Egypt, Sudan and the Canal—formed an organic, indivisible whole. England, in this respect, would not give up any of her responsibilities. (Cheers.) British supremacy, existing and British supremacy is going to be maintained. (Cheers.) Let none in or out of Egypt make a mistake on that cardinal principle of government. Nevertheless, we desire in every way possible to associate the Egyptian native population with the government of the country.

Mr. Balfour said that the Government desired in all respects to promote the prosperity of Egypt. The country was disturbed with a certain amount of dissension over unrealistic expectations, which, if fulfilled, would damage Britain and the world, but mostly the Egyptian populations.

The Government unalterably adhered to its decision to send out the Milner Commission of Investigation. Until the Commission's report was received, it would be folly to attempt to sketch the projected legislation, but the population might rest assured that we desired to associate with them as far as possible in the work of administration and, unlike their Turkish masters, who, in Egypt, at the present moment, affected to be pro-Egyptian, we would steadily pursue a policy of amelioration which would make Egypt an utterly different place for all inhabitants, and mostly for the natives, as compared with Turkish rule.

These were the principles which animated the Government in respect of the Middle East. We recognised the complication of the task, but Britain had undertaken other tasks no less difficult and brought them to a successful conclusion, and why should we despair. (Cheers.)

Great Britain went to Russia for her own purposes and thereby saved the lives of perhaps hundreds of thousands of our own men. Our sole aim in going to Russia was to save our men, and we made promises accordingly. Therefore, we ought not now to repudiate them.

Mr. Balfour commented upon the remarkably small difference revealed as regards Russia. No one had suggested a clear-cut policy, although the Government had been criticised for not possessing one. Repeating Mr. Lloyd George's said he was glad that the debate had shown that all were agreed as regards the horror of both the principle and the practice of Bolshevism—it was not democratic and did not represent freedom.

He emphasised this by quoting a Bolshevik proclamation stating: "We have raised the discipline in the army, and must now raise labour discipline." This proved that the Bolsheviks' notion of freedom for the working classes was compulsory labour.

The Premier disclosed his describing Mr. Bullitt's disclosures as a tissue of lies. It was an obligation of honour to help the men who assisted to reconstruct the Eastern Front against Germany. We had fully discharged this obligation, but there were other allies who were in a better position to support Admiral Kolchak than ourselves, and any failure would not lie at our door.

(Continued On Page 4.)

COMPARE THE WORK
ALEX. BOSS & CO.,
Machinery Dept.
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BUSINESS NOTICES

CHOICE DESIGNS

IN PURE WOOL TRAVELLING RUGS

JAEGER

AND OTHER WELL KNOWN MAKES

SOMETHING REALLY USEFUL

FOR THE CAR

CALL AND INSPECT
THIS SELECTION

J. T. SHAW

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TAILOR AND OUTFITTER

NEXT DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL.

1920

CALENDARS AND DATE BLOCKS

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SELECTIONS OF CARDS, GIFT BOOKS, Etc.

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CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR.

On Sale at

Messrs. BREWER & Co.,

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TOILET BRUSHES.

We have recently received a full and varied assortment of the above including Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Nail Brushes, Military Cases, also Combs, Puff Boxes, Mirrors, Manicure requisites, etc., etc.

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Quality, Variety, Perfection.

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NEW MODELS

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Sub-Agents for Hongkong and South China:

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Hongkong.

NOTICES.

G. P. LAMMERT.

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AND SURVEYOR.
Public Auctions.

INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

TEA DANCES will be held on
the following DAYS during the
month of November, from 4.30 to 7
P.M.

TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 21st.
MONDAY, 24th.
THURSDAY, 27th.

Admission to Dance Room each Day
\$2 per head, including TEA.
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN
CLUB.

"AT HOME DAY."

THE ANNUAL "AT HOME
DAY" and presentation of Prizes
will be held on SATURDAY, 22nd
November, 1919, at 3.30 p.m.; when
the Members will be "AT HOME" to
their friends.

D. S. COOPER,
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, November 17, 1919.

NOTICE.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

IN Order to enable the Contractors to
complete the work in connection
with the above Hotel at the earliest
possible date without interruption, and
in order to avoid all possibility of dam-
age to the Flooring, Tiles, Paint Work,
etc. The public are requested to
kindly abstain from visiting the Hotel
as on and from this date until its
completion and formal opening on
which due Notice will be given by
advertisement in the local newspapers.

The Management of the Hotel feel
sure that they may rely upon the ready
co-operation of the public in the fore-
going regard.

Dated this Sixth day of November,
1919.

For the HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.
PROPRIETORS OF THE
"REPULSE BAY HOTEL."

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

MOTOR SCHOONER
"WIRGELAND."

TENDERS are invited for the pur-
chase of the above SCHOONER
as she lies in damaged condition in
Shimonoseki Harbour. For particulars
apply to WAKU SHOKUWAI, SHIMONO-
SEKI.

Hongkong, November 18, 1919.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS with the exception
of persons of Chinese race, wishing
to leave the Colony must have in their
possession a VALID PASSPORT.
Passengers not in possession of passports
will not be allowed to leave the Colony.
All persons, with certain exceptions,
who remain in the Colony for more
than 7 days are required to Register
themselves under the REGISTRATION
OF "BRITISH ORDINANCE 1916."
Forms of Registration, giving the particu-
lars required may be obtained at the
G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

E. D. C. WOLFE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.

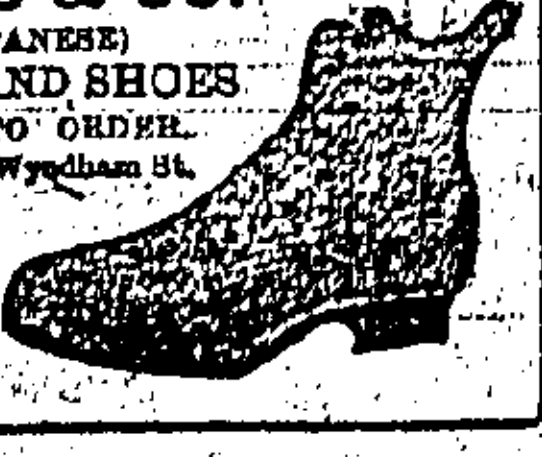
Hongkong, September 22, 1919.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH
REMEDY.

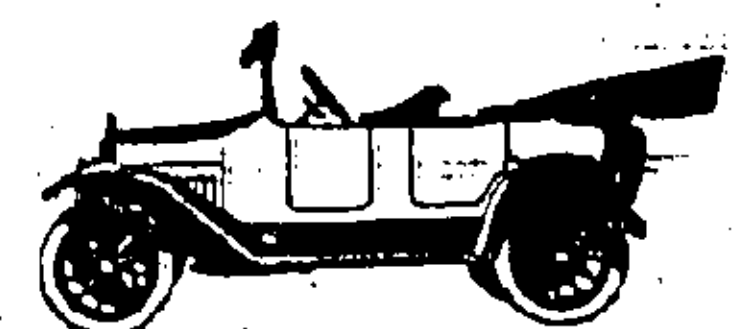
WHEN you have a bad cold you want
a remedy that will not only give
relief, but effect a prompt and perma-
nent cure, a remedy that is pleasant to
take, a remedy that contains nothing
injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
meets all these requirements. It acts on
Nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids
expectoration, opens the air passages and
restores the system to a healthy condi-
tion. This remedy has a world wide sale,
and use, and can always be depended
upon. For sale by all Chemists and
Storekeepers.

TAIYO & CO.

BOOTS AND SHOES
MADE TO ORDER.
No. 26, WING LUN STREET.



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METEOR GARAGE



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MAXWELL CARS.

Automobiles for Hire
and for Sale
at reasonable Prices.

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65 Des Vaux Road
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of LACTOGEN, UNSWEETENED
CONDENSED MILK, STERILIZED
NATURAL MILK, MALTED MILK
and SWEETENED COCOA and
MILK, sold at very reasonable prices
owing to the present high rate of
Exchange, especially for Retailers.



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Sole Agents for Hongkong and South China.
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Telephone Nos. 1229 & 1230.

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OWN HOUSE FED POULTRY.

We are now able to supply our
Customers with own fed poultry
and to meet all demand.

Our present stock consists of
specially selected Birds which are
in prime condition and should give
every satisfaction.

FOR SALE.

POSTAGE STAMP CATALOGUES
Stanley Gibbons' 1919
British Empire @ \$2.25

Bright & Son's A.B.C.
Continents of Europe &
its Colonies 1918-1919 @ \$1.75
Foreign Countries 1918-19 @ \$1.75

(Extra European) @ \$1.75
Whitfield King & Co's 1919 @ \$2.00
Yvert & Teller's 1919 @ \$1.00

GRAHA & CO.,
No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box 620. Hongkong

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear
MADE
TO
ORDER

OHERRY & CO.

40, WING LUN STREET,
Opposite a Hongkong Hotel.
Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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Japanese Photographers.
All kinds of Photographic Work done
in latest styles also Passport Photos.
Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Specialty.
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Tel. 254.

THE NEW SPINNING REMEDY.
THERAPION NO. 1
THERAPION NO. 2
THERAPION NO. 3



"SPECIALS"

Their increasing popularity over a period
of many years is the truest indication of their
sterling merit.

Manufactured by hand by MASPERO
FRERES in Cairo from the finest selected
leaf only.

New Stocks of Maspero "Specials" Cigarettes
are now on sale at all leading tobacconists.

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

WHEN STIFFY GETS THE
GLOVES ON!

HOW I SHALL FIGHT JOE
BECKETT.

[By HARRY WELDON in Tit-Bits.]

I am sorry for Joe.
He's a nice boy, always bright
and smiling, with a punch like the
kick of a Georgian mule.

But when he talks about winning
the heavy-weight championship, he
doesn't seem to realize what he's
up against. He seems to have over-
looked the fact that he has got to
reckon with me.

I've had my eye on that cham-
pionship for a long time.
For months I have been issuing
challenges to the ladies. Have they
rushed to fight? No. Why? Be-
cause they say, "S'no use. When
Harry gets the gloves on he's a dan-
gerous man."

Evidently Joe doesn't realize this.
He thinks because I've been "lyin'
low and sayin' sorry," I'm out of
the game. In order, however, to
make my intentions quite clear, I
am asking the Editor of Tit-Bits to
publish my challenge. Here it is:-

"I, Harry Weldon, known to the
boys as Stiffy, do hereby solemnly
swear that I will tell the truth, the
whole truth—sorry, I'm a bit mixed
—do, challenge Joe Beckett to a
thirty round contest, of half-hour
rounds, for \$500,000 a side, loser to
take five-sixths of the money and
stand the winner a drink, the pro-
moter to take one-sixth, and the
winner the title. To be fought under
Association rules five years from this
date."

Mr. Cochran has hinted that he
will make a big night of it if I can
get Joe into the ring. That is the
trouble. Can I? Not if Joe knows
it!

As a further inducement, I will
allow him to have a horse-shoe for
luck in each of his gloves, and I will
wear scented ones to soothe the
blows. I cannot make a fairer offer
than that, can I?

Joe cannot dodge that challenge,
unless he's got the wind up; and he
certainly won't be able to dodge my
patch punches when we get into
the ring. I don't want to make him
nervous, or brag about what I can
do. But I knocked my last two
opponents so silly, six months ago,
that they are still laughing. S'fact,
I don't mind telling Joe something
about my punches, because the real
secret lies in the delivery. He won't
know anything about them until he
swallows from the France and begins
to ask which locomotive hit him.

One of my most effective punches
is what I call my spinal pulverizer.
I simply wait until I catch the other
man bending down—biff! I hit him
on a certain spot on his cranium—
the exact spot is my secret—and the
blow has such an effect on his back

BRITISH CHAMBERS AND
OVERSEAS TRADE.

Among the resolutions standing
in the names of various chambers
in the United Kingdom which were
discussed at the quarterly meeting of
the Association of British Chambers
of Commerce recently held, were the
following with reference to Overseas
Trade:-

Manchester.—That this Associa-
tion desires to call the attention of
His Majesty's Government to the
inadequate support which has been
accorded to the Department of
Overseas Trade and to urge that a
searching inquiry should be made
into the position and status of the
Department with a view to placing
it on a satisfactory basis.

Birmingham.—(1) That this Asso-
ciation, having considered the terms
of the Report of the Committee to
examine the question of Government
Machinery for dealing with Trade
and Commerce, affirms its conviction
that the connection with the Foreign
Office of the Consular Service and
of the Department of Overseas
Trade should not be weakened.

(2) That this Association respect-
fully asks for the publication of the
evidence given before the above Com-
mittee.

(3) That this Association learns,
with regret, that steps were taken
by the Government to bring the
Department into the same building
with the Board of Trade, and not
under the same roof as the Foreign
Office, before the Report had been
published and submitted for discus-
sion in Parliament; and

(4) That the Prime Minister be
asked to receive a deputation on the
matter.

Newcastle.—(1) That this Associa-
tion urges His Majesty's Government
to carry out immediately the recom-
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Buy "ROOSTER BRAND" Macaroni, Vermicelli, Egg-Noodles,
Pasta Stars and other kinds of Soup Stuffs from us. All our Pasta
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Obtainable from all our Agents everywhere.
Samples and Price List will be given free of charge on application to
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HOTEL MANSIONS,

THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,

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J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR

KING EDWARD HOTEL

CENTRAL LOCATION

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System
throughout. Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA."
J. W. F. GILL, Manager.

PALACE HOTEL

KOWLOON.

(Two minutes from Star Ferry.)

Recently renovated and refurbished, electric light and fans throughout
and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms, Terms moderate. Special terms
on application to the Proprietress. Laminated meat. Passenger Boats.
Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add.: "PALACE"
J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietress.

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

ICE HOUSE STREET.

"Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes
walk from the Banks and Central District. 42 Bedrooms. Excellent Cuisine,
scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on
application to the Proprietress. Laminated meat. Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON." Mrs. F. R. CAMERON

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE

(OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT.)

Noted for:—
THE BEST TIFFINS AND DINNERS.
Fillet Haddock.
ICES AND ICED DRINKS.
CAKES AND PASTRIES.

Dinner and Picnic Parties catered for.
A European Cafe under European Supervision.
Tel. 909. Tel. 909.

BLUE
BIRD

ICE CREAM
PARLOUR

AND CONFECTIONERS



CHOCOLATES
FISH BRAND
Home-Made Imported Chocolates
Herb's Mollie's and Bonbon
Chocolates
California "Star" Chocolate
"Milk" Chocolate
American Chocolate \$1.50 per lb.
COCOA
Imperial Cocoa \$1.50 per lb.
Pure Cocoa \$1.50 per lb.
Chocolatier's Special Cocoa \$2.00 per lb.

TANG YUK, Dentist

the late SHEN YING.
14, D'ARQUE STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSIGNON
15, Morrison Hill Road



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS

"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Cable used

Bentley's
A. B. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"HUGHES & HOUGH"
HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,

November 22, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des
Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

AUCTIONEERS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

and

Removed to Salerooms for convenience
of sale.

A number of Pairs of Gent's Shoes, etc.

And

Two Fox Terrier Pups, (8 weeks old).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 18, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),

SATURDAY,

November 22, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A small consignment of superior

CHOCOLATES, etc., etc.

recently arrived in the Colony.

(to be sold without reserve)

Comprising:—

Connoisseur, Boudoir, Opera,

Kings etc., Countess, Exquisite,

etc., etc.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),

SATURDAY,

November 22, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

1. 20 BORE DOUBLE BARREL
SPORTING GUN in case, with complete
implements, and 1 extra gun case.

1 AIR RIFLE with spare parts and
accessories.

(practically new)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),

MONDAY,

November 24, 1919, at 3 p.m.,
at The Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Co., Godown "C"

65 Tons round mild steel bars 13/16

25 Tons round mild steel bars 1 3/8

7 Tons round mild steel bars 1 3/16

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

November 25, 1919, commencing at 2.30
p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A Few Lots of

Double hemstitched Sheets, Linen

Damask Table Cloths, Turkish Face

Towels, Bath Towels, Embroidered

Bedspreads and Table Covers.

Also

One Wardrobe Trunk, Bellow Valises

and Suit Cases,

And

Two Prismatic Binoculars.

(ALL ARE NEW GOODS)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

November 25, 1919, commencing
at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms,
No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

CAREFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNI-
TURE, CARPETS, GLASS, PLATED
WARE, etc., etc.

As follows:—

Large Tapestry-covered Chesterfield
Sofas & Arm-chairs, (new), Folding Card
and Occasional Tables, Upholstered
Suite, Teakwood Bedroom furniture,
comprising Bedsteads, large and small
Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands,
etc., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards,
Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining
Tables and Chairs, etc., Dinner Services,
Crockery, and Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, etc., Bath Room
Urn, Electro-Plated Ware,
Electric Reading Lamps, Teakwood
Bureaux, Sundry Blackwood Furniture,
Blackwood Fire Screens, etc., Side
Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, etc.,
Carpets new and second-hand,
Curtains, etc.

Also

One Piano,

Two Rishas, Tennis Balls, etc., etc.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

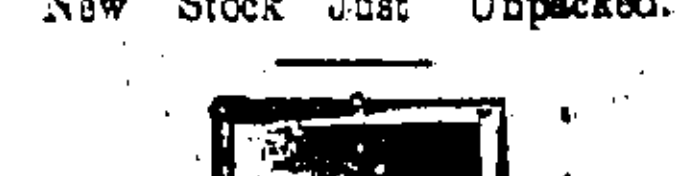
Hongkong, November 20, 1919.



Nickelplated & White Ware

BATHROOM FIXTURES

New Stock Just Unpacked.



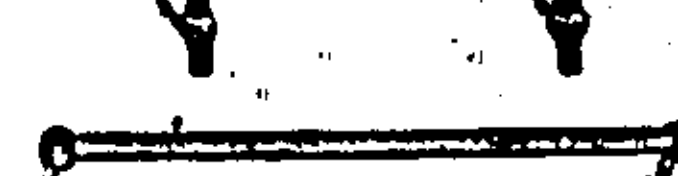
C. E. WARREN & Co., Ltd.,

30 & 32, Des Vaux Road, C.



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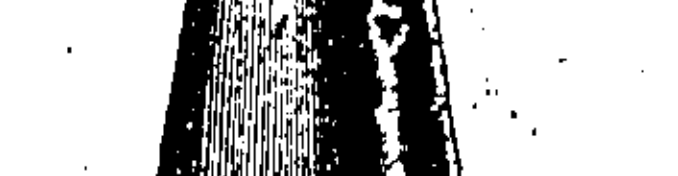
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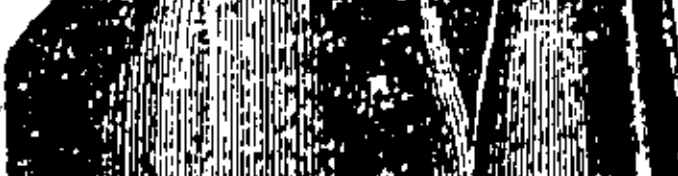
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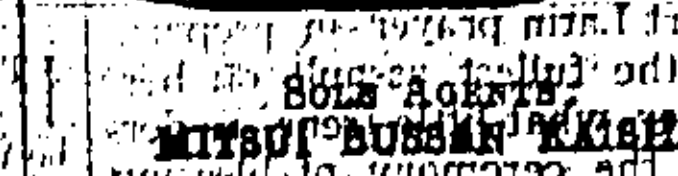
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C. E. WARREN & Co., Ltd.,

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WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.
Each additional 5 words 4 Cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—JUNIOR ENGINEERS
and OFFICERS. Apply Box 1163,
c/o "CHINA MAIL."

SECRETARY for the MARINE
ENGINEERS' GUILD OF CHINA.
Preferably Certificated Marine En-
gineer. Salary to commence \$400 per
month with service conditions. For
further particulars apply to:—
MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD,
17, Nanking Road,
Shanghai.

TO LET.

TO LET.—A Vacant Plot of LAND
at Yau-ma-tei. Suitable for Coal
Storage. Apply to—THE HONGKONG
LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

TO LET.—A VACANT PLOT of
LAND, Praya East.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

LONG HING & CO., PHOTO SUPPLIES,
DEVELOPING & PRINTING A SPECIALITY.
No. 17, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

JUST WHAT HER BABY NEEDED.

Anxious mothers everywhere ask
one another what to do when their little
ones are ill; it is for the benefit of
such mothers that Mrs. Louis Ramsay,
of Litchfield, Illinois, U.S.A., permits
the publication of the following letter.

"My baby caught cold in her
stomach and bowels, causing irritation.
After the first dose of Baby's Own
Tablets her bowels became more regular
and the movements more natural. I
have found the Tablets just what the
baby needed and cannot say too much
in favor of them as a medicine for the
little ones."

No home where there is a baby or
young children should be without Baby's
Own Tablets, the Canadian children's
remedy. These Tablets are guaranteed
free from opiates, narcotics or other in-
jurious drugs, and are perfectly harm-
less even to the youngest infant. They
are recommended in cases of simple
fever, indigestion, constipation, colic,
diarrhoea, headache; they make teething
easy, quickly relieve colds, expel worms,
promote peace and health-giving sleep.
Of chemists everywhere, also post
free, 60 cents the vial from the Dr.
Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Ezechuen
Road, Shanghai.

NOTICES.

CARS on HIRE

Experienced Chauffeurs
and
Expert Mechanics.

A Large Number of
New and Comfortable Cars
Always in Readiness.

Phone
977 & 2599

MERCURY
GARAGE CO.,
5-51 Des Vaux Road Central.

Arrangements
for Special
Occasions

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD. PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

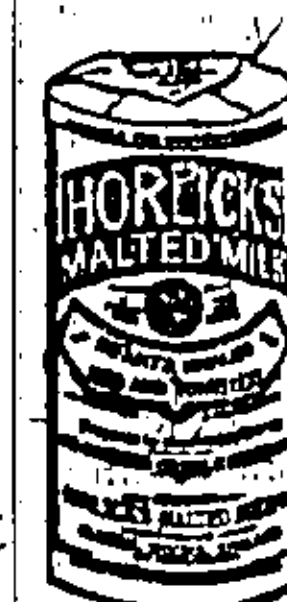
統 泰 永 安 限 公 司
永 安 限 公 司
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UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS

Most up-to-date and Cheapest House in Hongkong.
Address: DES VAUX ROAD AND CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.
Telephone: Nos. 196 & 198

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

A Great Factor in Food Economy.



Pure, full-cream milk enriched with all the nutritive value of selected
malted barley and wheat in powder form. Every particle is thoroughly
assimilated, it keeps indefinitely, and there is absolutely no waste. The
addition of hot or cold water instantly forms a delicious food beverage
highly nutritious and so easily digested that it is a valuable resource
in the most delicate cases of illness. It is a valuable resource in the most
delicate cases of illness. It is a valuable resource in the most delicate cases
of illness. It is a valuable resource in the most delicate cases of illness.

READY IN A MOMENT BY STIRRING BRISKLY IN
HOT OR COLD WATER ONLY. NO COOKING REQUIRED.
Accept no substitute. There is nothing "just as good."

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, ENGLAND.

THE EXHIBITION OF WATER COLOUR PICTURES

BY
TOSA ART STUDIO
OPENS

From 17th instant.

NIKKO & CO.,
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

TEL. No. 1259.

THE HOTEL ASIA

WEST BUND, CANTON.

Large and airy rooms, Electric light and fans. Hot
and cold water service. Lift and telephones. Excellent
Cuisine. Every modern convenience provided.

Bar and Billiard rooms. Roof garden. Cinematograph
Theatre.

Situated in the highest building in Canton, affording
a splendid view of the whole City and suburbs. Opposite
the Canton Steamers' Wharves and two minutes walk
from Shameen.

Special monthly and Family rates may be had on
application.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE

SUN COMPANY, LIMITED.

ASAHI BEER



"SCRIPPS"

The Motor that Crossed the Atlantic.

You are not looking for a motor with which to cross the Ocean.
Too perilous an undertaking, you say, to attempt a 6,500 mile grind in
a 39-foot boat, equipped with a 12 H.P. Motor. Yet this was done.
And the motor was a

"SCRIPPS"

Strong, Practical and Enduring.

Safe and certain above all things; yet satisfying every modern
requirement in appearance, comfort, quietness and smoothness of operation.

Sold Exclusively by

ALEX. ROSS & CO.

25, Des Vaux Road.

WATSON'S OLD BROWN LIQUEUR BRANDY



QUALITY
TRY IT
AND BE YOUR
OWN JUDGE

IT HAS
ALREADY DONE TIME

"21 YEARS IN WOOD"

A.S. WATSON & CO. LD.

HongKong and China.

Order in good time your Wines and Spirits
for Christmas from

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
HONGKONG.

Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

RE-MAKE BEDDING

THE RE-MAKING OF
BEDDING
OWING TO THE HIGH PRICE OF ALL
MATERIALS IS NOW
WELL WORTH WHILE
EFFICIENTLY
CHEAPLY
EXPEDITIOUSLY
PHONE FOR PARTICULARS.

NEW BEDDING IN RATTAN,
FIBRE, HORSEHAIR, KAPOC.

The China Mail

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE."

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1919.

ADVERSARIA.

Well, the Onion Club
had its monthly dinner
last night and the
China Mail man, after some sharp
argument, was not expelled. We
didn't think he would be. The Onion
Bakers as a rule have too much sense
to be so small-minded. Onions have
caused more tears than grief, and
the secretary's letter, we now suspect,
had more advertisement than anger
in it. To show that we mean well
by the Club, we now enlist the aid
of our China Mail poets. The Club
should have its own song.

Come, ye Poets, serious and
funny ones
Make them a song, a song about
onions.

Mr. Lloyd George's part
on wrong side about, so that
his wife didn't know whether
he was coming home or going
to work. He was as peppy
as a Welsh rabbit in describing the
wickedness of the Bolsheviks, and
in the same breath earned applause
by an emphatic declaration that he
was not going to do anything thing
against them. That a foreign thing
happens to be bad is no reason why
we should spend our blood and treasure
to suppress it; but if Bolshevism
is as dangerous to us as Mr. Lloyd
George and his friends have said it
is, they should spend our last man
and last shilling in destroying it,
before giving up. He boasted that
we had done more against it than all
the others combined, and he gave as
a reason for doing no more, that
Russia was too big to be conquered.
That is no way for an Englishman
to talk. Eh? Mr. George not an
Englishman? Who said he was?

We are willing to
confess that we do
not believe Mr.
George is wholly to blame, nor any
of his colleagues, except perhaps

about this slap in the face of
progress is that it has to be attrib-
uted almost entirely to the irrespon-
sible enthusiasms of merely party
politics, which seem to be keener there
than with us. If America is to fall
in this way, we shall be no for-
rader than we were before the war.
The reactionaries will beat the re-
formers, and our children's children
will suffer for it.

We ought to have
IT ISN'T heard by now of a
FAIR. Japanese apology to
China, and a disavowal
of the miscreants who did the shoot-
ing at Foochow. Whenever Chinese
commit outrages, the Chinese Gov-
ernment is made to eat humble pie,
and to go through a formula of
repentance that no sovereign and
self-respecting Power would submit
to. Shakespeare says it is excellent
to have a giant's strength, but he
suggests a more gentlemanly way of
using it. The Japanese Government
ought really to have hastened to
offer amends to China in this instance,
but if it had done so, surely we
would have heard of it before now.

"Ship" writes to this
A SHIP morning's Daily Press to
ASTRAY express his disappoint-
ment on noting the
absence from the deliberations of the
Shanghai Conference of Chambers of
Commerce "of any resolution to
approach the Government on the
question of the supply of extra
tonnage on the China run." He
says: "We have now had a clear
year of peace—that is, as far as free-
dom from sea warfare is concerned—
and the united efforts of shipyards
the world over have been directed to
the construction of fresh tonnage.
Yet the position out here is almost
worse than at any period during the
war. What is the explanation, and
can such justify the recent action of
the Government in handing over
some half-dozen good-sized cargo
boats, recently built on the China
coast, to a syndicate of
Greeks, of all people." If
"Ship" had the sense to buy the
China Mail he would have discovered
that there was such a resolution.
This does not affect the truth of the
China Mail position, however, that
the resolution, even though endorsed
by Sir John Jordan, will not bring
the ships. The Government is too
busy to bother about us. It serves
us right, because we don't bother
about the Government in the right
way. We are too "patriotic."

Mr. J. O. P. Bland,
MUST SUFFER once secretary to the
EITHER WAY. Shanghai Municipality,
has written to The Times. He quotes
the Lloyd George organ, The
Future, as promising in the name
of the Government a 48-hour week
and a living wage. He also quotes
the Times as saying there is founda-
tion for the workers' fear that their
present standard of comfort will be
gradually sapped from under them.
He then says it is already sapped,
and "proves" it by showing that
in tendering for a Chinese
Government order for £3,000,000
worth of rolling stock, American
firms quoted 50 per cent. lower than
their British competitors. He assumes,
naturally, that British labour is
responsible for that, and urges the
workers to "come to their senses."
If they don't accept lower wages and
a lower standard of comfort, so as to
enable their masters to underbid the
Americans, they will have to "fill
their bellies with the east wind." It
looks as if the worker has to starve
either way, so we advise him to
choose the quicker way.

THE FRAWLEY COMPANY.

"THE CHORUS LADY."

Mr. T. Daniel Frawley's talented
company presented to a large
"house" at the Theatre Royal last
night James Forbes' London and
New York success entitled "The
Chorus Lady." It was a piece which
entailed some clever acting on the
part of Miss Beatrice Prentice whose
abilities as the leading lady are now
recognized by Hongkong theatre-
goers. Miss Vera Doria who had
the misfortune to sprain her ankle
on the previous night filled the part
of Sylvia Simpson the Prima Donna
of the show, and although she had to
limp rather painfully on to the stage
with the aid of a stick, she very
pluckily got through her part with-
out a hitch.

To-night "Forever After" will be
staged.

WHERE DID THE FLAG GO?

MYSTERY OF A KOWLOON CLUB.

It is reported that the flag, halyard
and staff mysteriously disappeared
from the premises of a well-
known club in Kowloon. It is
assumed that one of two things
occurred, the details of which we are
quite unable to give. All the same,
we are inclined to think that it was
a bit of a "stuck up" job.

"WALLA WALLA." Motor boats
are built for your service.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

To-day's dollar is worth 5/-
1/4d.

A mail is due from Shanghai
to-day per s.s. "Suiyang."

To-day's return of communicable
disease shows two cases of enteric
fever.

Lieutenant F. C. Roberts a
Hongkong boy who recently return-
ed from active service left for
Home on Wednesday by the Em-
press liner.

Local residents who left the
Colony on the s.s. "Empress of Japan"
were Mr. S. Steadman, Mr. P. C. Potts, Mr. and Mrs.
A. R. F. Raven.

Madame Flint made the bride's
wedding dress for the Murray Chap-
man wedding reported yesterday. It
was the "going away" dress that
Mme. Leite made.

Consignees of Cargo ex M. M.
s.s. "Andre Lebon" are reminded
that their goods not claimed after
the 26th at noon, will be subject to
rent and landing charges.

Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Duff
K.C.B. returned on the Flagship
H.M.S. "Hawkins" on Wednesday
evening. He took over the official
command of the Far Eastern squad-
ron on the 8th.

The well-known poetess Ella
Wheeler Wilcox, has died at New
York. It will be remembered that
not many years ago, she and her
husband were in Hongkong as guests
of Sir Henry and Lady May.

The monthly meeting and onion
dinner of the Onion Club was held
last night, and well attended, with
Wor. Bro. the G. C. O. in the chair.
For the first time in the history of
the club a lady guest was present.

In recognition of his having
rescued forty of the passengers and
crew of a junk during a gale in the
China Sea on August 22, Captain
Morse of the B. and S.s. "Luchow"
was presented with a gold and enamel
medal by the Bangkok Keng Chew
Overseas Community.

Mr. J. W. Fraser, formerly of
the Shanghai Mercury, arrived in
Hongkong, yesterday, to join the
staff of the South China Morning
Post. Like all journalists who
happened to be able to pass the
Doctor, Mr. Fraser has been doing
his bit in France for the past two
or three years. He has newspaper
friends here, and we hope he will
make many more.

MARINE COURT.

JAPANESE MASTER FINED.

At the Marine Court this morning,
the Japanese master of the steamer
"Africa Maru," was charged before
Captain Basil Taylor, R.N., Marine
Magistrate, with failing to exhibit
the regulation lights on board the
ship, in the harbour of the Colony at
5.30 a.m., on Nov. 19.

The accused pleaded "not guilty."

P. C. Wilson of the Water Police
said that whilst on patrol in the
small hours of the morning of the
19th inst., he discovered that the
"Africa Maru" was in total dark-
ness, not a single light being visible.
He boarded the vessel and spent
quite a long time on board before he
found a man to whom he complained
of the offence and informed him that
he was going to prosecute the master.

The defendant said the quar-
termaster changed the lights at 3 a.m.
He did not know how they went out.
He was not aware of the fact that
there were no lights burning.

His Worship said he held the
defendant responsible. He could
imagine himself that it was a dan-
gerous thing for a ship to be without
lights in a crowded harbour like
Hongkong's. He would be fined \$50.

UNION CHURCH THREE QUARTER CENTURY FUND.

"Wellwisher".....\$1,000.00
Four young men donated to
Union Church \$250 each..... 1,000.00
Mr. A. Rodgers..... 500.00
"Spero"..... 300.00
Mr. & Mrs. C. C. Hickling..... 300.00
Mr. A. R. Austin..... 200.00
Rev. J. K. Maconachie..... 100.00
Mr. E. J. Chapman..... 100.00
Mr. J. B. Chapman..... 50.00
Mr. H. M. McTavish..... 50.00
Mr. E. B. Cubey..... 30.00
Mr. Walter Brown..... 30.00
Mr. Wm. Dickson..... 27.69
Mr. J. C. Ferguson..... 25.00
Mr. W. Fraser..... 25.00
Amounts already acknow-
ledged..... 3,500.00
\$7,282.69

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT IN GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

"A DOXOLOGICAL DRUBBING."

Recently, a Miss Margaret Choate,
Principal of the Methodist Girls'
College, Colombo, Ceylon, was fined
Rs. 25 for having caned an eleven
year old girl. The writer of "Stray
Thoughts" in The People, of Ceylon,
says—

Every right-thinking person will
admit that corporal punishment of
school children, however light, should
be strongly deprecated in these days
of enlightenment. If administered
with severity it is a perpetual and
living horror to sensitive natures.
It is not easily forgotten. The
mutual good feeling that ought to
exist between teacher and pupil is
lost. Forbearance and Christian
charity (love) enjoin us to bear with
an erring one. The ghastly incidents
of the great war, which we have read
from time to time, gave us an insight
into the varied forms of punishment
inflicted by the Huns on prisoners in
order to extort evidence, or a con-
fession of guilt in spite of their
victims' innocence. We are not
told that before proceeding to
carve incisions on the backs of
their prisoners, the authors of
such crimes chanted a psalm or
mumbled a prayer. The incident
which took place at a local school
has created a sensation in view of
the methodical manner in which it
was carried out. But when such
punishment is meted out to a girl of
tender years, it makes the case all
the more wicked. It is a pity that
disciplinary methods of such a nature
were resorted to, and we trust that
in view of the salutary lesson learnt
in Court by the offending individual,
others will steer clear of such unpar-
donable lapses.

Under the caption "A Doxological
Drubbing," the editor of that bright
newspaper says—

According to little Irene, eleven
years old, the complainant in the case
which generated two leading articles
in the local Press and provoked
considerable public interest
the girls of her college assembled
one afternoon at four, and lustily
led by the Principal and vice-
Principal, sang—

Praise God from Whom all
blessing flow,
Praise Him all creatures here
below,
Praise Him all ye heavenly host,
Praise Father, Son, and Holy
Ghost!

—after which she was lifted and
placed face downwards on the table,
while the vice Principal gripped her
hands, and the Principal turned the
child's skirt over, and letting the
lashes fall partly on the bare flesh
and partly on the portion covered by
the drawers, administered twenty-one
cuts with a two-foot cane. The
writer of "Stray Thoughts" deals
with the humanitarian side of
the affair, and we do not desire to
travel over the same ground. We
are interested only in the plea of
justification entered by the accused
for her brutal act and the emphatic
endorsement which that plea received
at the hands of a prominent Wes-
leyan clergyman whose time has been
futilely occupied these several years
in delivering "Casual Verdicts"
through the columns of a morning
paper, writing a weekly comic article
for an evening paper, preaching a
school at which little Irene was so
savagely beaten for confiding to her
mates the romance of her form-mis-
tress's secret adventures by the sea-
side. Perhaps, the girl reported a
great deal more than she really saw,
and saw a great deal more than she
really should have seen; but twenty-
one strokes in public is a barbarous
reprimand for the offence involved,
whatever it might have been. Such
punishments produce in the moral
sphere what newspapers produce in
the physical world, of highly successful
operations performed by skilled surgeons
but with the inevitable result of the
patients' succumbing to the skill of
the surgeons and the wondrous
success of the operations. In the
case under reference, the analogy
would be truer if we substituted
"butcher" for "surgeon," because
there appears to have been an assist-
ant "butcher" employed during the
operation, instead of an anaesthetic.
What surprises us is that the accused
expressed no word of regret for her
conduct, but rather left the impres-
sion on the court that, under similar
provocation, she would repeat at the
offence on any other victim that fell
into her hands. The fear is in-
tensified by the fact that the manager
of the school considers the brutality
quite proper and deserved, and is,
therefore, unlikely to exercise any
restraint on the accused. His declara-
tion under oath of the rightness of
the accused's action must be pro-
foundly shocking to the conscience
of the whole Christian community
whose reputation for refinement and
cultural development is not likely
anyway to be flattered by it. In all
probability, the recent example of
the Anglican Church and of the
Baptist Missionary Society in con-
nection with the European Associa-
tion's memorial on the riots has been
too powerful for Wesleyan Methodism
to resist the impulse to throw in its
lot with aggressive Christianity as
practised in this country by some
foreign priests; and we, therefore,
cannot single out for blame the
clerical witness in the case under

A HEARTLESS CHEAT.

Before Mr. R. O. Hutchison yester-
day at the Magistracy, the case was
again heard in which a man was
charged with cheating a woman out
of \$30 by promising to get her son
out of jail.

Sergeant Willis stated that while
going down Pottinger Street on Nov.
13 he noticed two women running in
his direction in an excited condi-
tion. One woman was holding a
piece of paper in her hand. Witness
asked them what was the matter,
and one of the women replied that
she was going to the jail with an
order for the release of her son,
who had been sentenced to three
years' hard labour for armed robbery.
Witness examined the paper and found it
to be a fraud. He asked the woman
how much she had paid for it, and
she replied \$30. He asked her from
whom she obtained the paper, and
she replied that he was an inter-
preter at the Supreme Court. Witness
went to the Court and found that the
man had disappeared. The employees
at the Supreme Court were lined up
for identification, but nobody was
picked out. A Court messenger, how-
ever, stated that he saw a man, whom
he could recognise, talking to the
woman. Witness told the woman
to go to the Central Station and
make a report.

Complainant, an old woman, stated
that on November 11 she went
to the Land Office to make some
enquiries concerning a piece of land
in Yaumatei. After settling her
business, she was leaving the
office when she was intercepted by
defendant, who said: "Is it true
your son is in jail?" Witness replied
that she would be only too glad to
get him released. Defendant then told
her to bring \$30 and meet him at the
Supreme Court, where, he said, he was
an interpreter. He had authority to
release her son; his master would assist
him. He added that if the son were not
released by the evening of the 14th
instant the money would be returned.
On November 13 witness went to
the Supreme Court, and was met at
the entrance by defendant to whom
she handed the money. Defendant
gave her a piece of paper in exchange
stating that it was a warrant for the
release of her son.

While giving evidence, the witness
commented forcibly on the defend-
ant's behaviour, calling him several
impolite names, only stopping when
ordered.

Continuing, witness stated that she
went with the paper to the jail and
found it was spurious. She reported
the matter to the Police, and a few
days later identified defendant. It
was impossible for her to mistake
the man.

Sergeant Murphy stated the poor
woman had to borrow the \$30.

Another woman gave corroborative
evidence.

A messenger employed at the
Supreme Court stated that he identi-
fied defendant at a Chinese theatre,
where he was arrested, as the man
who had duped the woman.

Defendant stated that the woman
lent him the money. He promised
to do something for her son, failing
which he would return the money.

Sergeant Murphy stated that de-
fendant told the Police that he had
been married to a European girl who
had died in Shanghai in child-birth.
He had given the Police considerable
trouble, and they hoped a serious
view would be taken of the case.

Mr. Hutchison sentenced defendant
to six months' hard labour.

Another charge of obtaining \$5,
from a man in respect of a steamer
passage to Shanghai was withdrawn.

TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was
received at the United States Con-
sulate from the Manila Observatory
at 7.25 p.m. November 20, Cyclone or
typhoon West of the Ladrone or
Marian Islands moving Northwest
or north-northwest.

FOOTBALL.

HONGKONG CLUB A. v.
UNITED F.C.

The following will represent the
club on Saturday, 22nd November,
on the Military Ground. Kick-off
at 2.30 p.m.—McKenzie, Dickson,
(Capt.), A. N. Other, Ireland, Wey-
man, Carriere, Borgesen, Pilger, Young,
McKenzie and Moffat.

notice for trying to uphold at all costs
the prestige of his race even where
it was as clear as daylight
to any one that the act complained
of was a particularly ruthless kind
of crime to commit on a child of
tender years, and as the magistrate
pointed out, delicate and frail in
form. The solemn chanting of the
doxology before the perpetration of
the cruelty recalls to us the tale of
the Putumayo atrocities, as told in
the columns of "Truth" of the
Baptist Missionary Society in con-
nection with the European Associa-
tion's memorial on the riots has been
too powerful for Wesleyan Methodism
to resist the impulse to throw in its
lot with aggressive Christianity as
practised in this country by some
foreign priests; and we, therefore,
cannot single out for blame the
clerical witness in the case under

RUSSIA AND BOLSHEVISM.

[China Mail Special Article.]

It has been the custom in the past
to speak of Russia as remote—her
millions have seemed to the English
distant as the Pole, an unkempt,
uncivilized people. Tolstoi and the
modern Russian musicians have done
much to convince those at home of
the growing enlightenment of the
nation, while to the Far East Russia
has always been nearer, and her
problems more important. During
the earlier years of the War the
emire of the Tsar was called the
"Steam-roller"; her vast army was
pictured pouring, irresistible, through
East Prussia, to suffer but a tempo-
rary halt at the very gates of Berlin.
The Tsar fell; Kerensky's com-
promise proved heroically in the
last offensive and the dawn of the
real Revolution.

Bolshevism reared its crest amongst
us, a strange and fearsome beast.
Money poured like water to finance
revolt elsewhere, and the Revolution-
ists fought for their faith. They are
still fighting. Any light that can be
thrown on the reasons for this spas-
modic warfare, for the death of
Britons in this struggle with a nation
with which they are not at war "is
wholesome and necessary."

First, following the Scholastic
Philosophers, let us define. Bolshevism
means "Majority." The opposite is
Menshevik—"Minority." That sim-
ple word "majority" has served
since the foundation of the Republic
as a term of abuse for any Socialist,
Democrat, Free-thinker, or next-door
neighbour with whom we have hap-
pened to disagree. So the Bolshevism
who called his clerk a Bolshevism
because the clerk was late or asked
for a rise has really been compli-
menting him upon the vast number
of his fellows who think the same,
who are late, or ask for rises. Per-
haps, if the employer had known,
his tone would have been less
vituperative! To us, in our island
autocracy, the meaning of majority
may be less evident than to those
who have been brought up in an
atmosphere full of the Rights of
Man, of Equality, of hated class-
privilege. Yet, deep in the dust of
years, we may find amongst our
music the Marseillaise amongst our
Latin tags "Civis Romanus Sum."

The ideals towards which Europe
has been struggling for years are
few. They are not mere catch-
words—behind each lies a positive
conception of a happier State for
which men are willing to live and to
die. The abolition of privilege is the
most obvious of all—no labourer
can fail to contrast his meagre wages
and his lengthy hours with the
income of his Directors. Even
their infrequent appearance. Even
the countryman has come to realise
that he pays more for his beer
in order to let some big brewer
live in luxury. Even the big
brewer realises that he pays high
taxes to provide money for the
Government departments, their
motor-cars and their office teas.
Then, too, equality of opportunity
is an obvious thing; what,
bourgeois has not been thankful for
his father's ability to send him to a
public school, or pitted in his more
expansive moments the existence of
his employee—comparatively un-
educated, unappreciative of pleasure
or of Beauty, unable usefully to
employ his leisure, too tired at the
end of a day to do ought but eat and
sleep, too fearful of discharge ever to
protest until his Union helps him.
Liberty is a more abstract idea,
because it seems so often
merely negative. But Liberty
as a positive conception was the
motive power of the French
Revolution, of the Italian
wars, of the present Russian chaos.

And the foolishly irritating restric-
tions and regulations so nearly led
to a blaze in England beside which
the Chartists riots would have seemed
but a glow worm, that only the
facility of the politicians in making
and breaking promises saved them.

Russia, then, has put into practice
the ideals for which we have all been
striving—all that is, but the honest
few who regard privilege and class
distinction as essential to the great-
ness of a nation. They are honest—
there is no argument for them but
the argument ad baculum. Rus-
sia has given her land to the peas-
ants, and the peasants, firm for the
first time in actual ownership, have
proved an unbending barrier to the
counter-revolutionaries. She has
given her workmen control of
the factories, and Kolchak and
Denikin, backed by British arms and
British money, have evacuated Omsk
and Kieff. So much for the
quality and quantity of output under
the control of the workers.

But alas! There was British,
French and American capital in
those factories, and that is lost.
So America declines conferences with
Bolsheviks, England, and France
send their sons to Russia and cry
"Peace" from the house-tops. But
there is no Peace.

SOLON.
Hongkong, Nov. 19, 1919.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

It may be impossible to prevent an
accident, but it is not impossible to
be prepared for it. Chan Koo, Paik
Balm is not beyond anyone's notice,
and with a bottle of this liniment you
are prepared for almost anything. For sale
by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service of the China Mail.)

(Continued from Page 1.)

ZIONISM.

GREAT JEWISH STATE COMING.

LONDON, November 17.

The Jewish correspondence Bureau reports that at a big demonstration in Johannesburg, held to celebrate the second anniversary of the British government's declaration in favour of a Jewish Palestine, General Smuts referred to the outbreak of anti-Jewish persecution in eastern Europe. He said Botha resigned the chairmanship of the Polish commission at the peace conference owing to atrocities in Poland. He declared that Zionism was the only remedy for Jewish persecution. He paid tribute to the Jews for steadfastly maintaining their national ideas. The declaration by Mr. Balfour concerning the future of Palestine could be regarded as certain of realisation after the conclusion of the treaty with Turkey. Britain would redeem her pledge despite the difficulty and delicacy of her position and a great Jewish state would ultimately arise. It was the mission of the Jews to reconcile national with international and thus assist the upbuilding of new international orders.

AMERICA HOLDS GERMAN SHIPS.

PROTEST BY BRITAIN.

PARIS, Nov. 17.

The Supreme Council has been discussing the status and ultimate destination of German ships, including the "Imperator," and aggregating 170,000 tons. The British delegation claimed that the action of the American shipping board was a violation of the supreme council's agreement that the ships should be returned to Britain as soon as the transportation of American troops was completed. The delegation pointed out that England was crowded with men from the dominions eager to return to their homes in all parts of the world. They were delayed because America was holding these German ships.

OUR ATHLETIC PRINCE.

DOES V.R.C. STUNTS.

WHITESULPHUR SPRINGS, Nov.

The Prince of Wales, incognito, is recuperating in the Virginian mountains from his strenuous days at Washington. He began the "rest" by golfing for three hours, swimming an hour, and dancing in the evening for three hours. He challenged and beat the master of the swimming pool in a diving competition. He turned a somersault from a platform twelve feet high into seven feet of water.

UNEMPLOYMENT DONATIONS TO STOP.

LONDON, November 17.

In the House of Commons at question time, Mr. Bonar Law announced that the government had decided to discontinue the unemployment donation to civilians after Nov. 21 but donations to ex-service men would continue till March 31, at the rate of 20s. for men and 15s. for women. The maximum period for which this weekly allowance could be drawn would be nine weeks.

FRESH ENEMIES FOR DENIKIN AND KOLCHAK.

INDEPENDENT RUSSIAN STATES.

LONDON, November 17.

Estonia, Latvia, Finland, Poland, Ukraine, and white Russia have pronounced in favour of the formation of a political and military alliance to defend their independence. A special conference to arrange for it is being convoked.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES BILL PASSES.

LONDON, November 17.

The House of Commons passed the third reading of the Industrial Disputes Bill.

REPORT ON CIVIL AVIATION.

READY FOR BIG ADVANCE.

LONDON, November 17.

The report of Major Gen. Sykes, the controller-general of civil aviation, says the Cairo-Karachi route will shortly be available for civil traffic. The Cape to Cairo route has been surveyed and a chain of landing places established. The section lying within the union of South Africa should shortly be ready for civil enterprise. A full reconnaissance of the route to India and Australia is completed. Civilian machines have flown 303,000 miles. Two pilots were killed and six injured, and ten passengers were injured. Only one was injured out of every 5,200 passengers carried. The formation of a commercial company to take over military airships is being considered.

FOOTBALL NOTES.

[By "Ignoramus"]

THE WEEK END MATCHES.

The matches fixed for Saturday are as follows—

1ST DIVISION.

Club v. Police, Club Ground. Kick off at 4 p.m.

R.G.A. v. St. Joseph's College, Navy Ground. Kick off at 4 p.m.

South China v. Royal Navy, Military Ground. Kick off at 4 p.m.

2ND DIVISION.

Kowloon v. Indians, Navy Ground. Kick off at 3 p.m.

Manchesters v. South China, "B" Club Ground. Kick off at 3 p.m.

In their match with the Police, there should be no excuse if the Club do not manage to annex both points at stake. This statement does not, of course, reflect on the strength of the Police who have at their disposal some very good material which, if properly trained, should prove a source of danger to any football club in the Colony. Even now the Police always provide good matches whenever they play and in view of the fact that they have had bad luck in losing every match so far, their pluck and the spirit of sportsmanship in persevering are admitted.

I am not sure of the result of the St. Joseph's-R.G.A. match. The soldiers play excellent football while the College boys are a bag of tricks. While it is safe to say that the soldiers are a heavier side, the College boys are not children and can take

care of themselves as far as that is concerned. The match therefore should be very interesting to watch and the side with better science should win. A draw is very improbable, and after considering the pros and cons I am rather inclined to think that the two points will go to the gunners, not of course, without a hard fight. Much however depends on whether Omar happens to be in goal and his brother well enough to turn out in place of "Sandy" Urquhart. I have a warm corner in my heart for "Sandy," he is a good fellow, and a cleaner footballer has not yet been born, but it must be admitted, and I think he would be the first to do so, that "Ramsay" as Omar No. 2 is called, is a better left winger.

With the Carlisle and Hawkins in port, the Navy ought to be able to turn out a crack team on Saturday for their match with South China. The Chinese team is a clever combination and this much can be said for them: they are as good as any team in Hongkong as far as scientific football is concerned. In football as it is now played in Hongkong a team wants, besides science, a great lot of weight to win and not until the rules of football prohibit the use of weight unless vitally necessary, teams which are inferior in scientific football and superior in weight will employ that latter advantage to scare their cleverer but lighter opponents into foregoing the match rather than run the risk of being permanently disabled in a bumping bout in which they are clearly the weaker side. Although South China can do a lot towards making the game interesting by their clever

L'HOMME QUI RIT.

A hawker for crying aloud his wares in a prohibited area was brought before Mr. Lindsell this morning. Once stepped into the dock he started to laugh, and his merry face helped the spectators to follow suit. Just a moment of laughter, but the voice of the Magistrate was heard. "Why laugh? There is no joke in being in the dock." But the laughter went on laughing. "I fine you \$1," said the magistrate. Leaving the dock, there was another laugh from the hawker. The Magistrate and all in Court failed to escape infection. They smiled. Some minutes later, he was brought in again and smiled when he entered the dock.

The Interpreter—"Here is the laughing man again." "What is the matter with him?" asked the magistrate. "He has not sufficient money to pay his fine," said the constable. "How much has he got?" enquired the magistrate. "Fifty cents." "Ask him to pay it then!" concluded the magistrate. The defendant left the Court, and when last seen he was still laughing.

"CAROLYN OF THE CORNERS" AT THE VICTORIA.

Carolyn—"Carolyn of the Corners"—is a character that will live long and delightfully in the memory because she is so natural, so wholesome and so thoroughly worthwhile. What her family name is, does not matter much for, after all, names are just symbols; a precious little youngster like Carolyn is a sunny, enduring reality. To become acquainted with her is like letting in the glad daylight and looking up at the blue sky. But that such a character should be played by Bessie Love, is a coincidence in which a name really figures with some importance.

Love accomplishes wonderful things in "Carolyn of the Corners." It is a story of the rugged Maine country and Director Robert Thornby, in preparation for the Anderson-Brunton Co., spent considerable time in that State giving a minute study to rustic character, so it is that, in the picture, each type, each scene and location stands out with cameo distinctness.

The quiet moods of town life are admirably shown and especially dramatic and pictorial are the forest scenes, in which Carolyn and Amanda, hemmed in by flame are rescued by "Joe" Stagg who finds that persistent Cupid works in a wonderful way.

This is a play abounding in heart interest, with a persistent note of cheerful philosophy, which takes the stark biting edge from the cruel realities of life. Bessie Love makes an appealing, wistful figure, forlorn and parentless, but she creates a niche for herself in the hearts of the stern New Englanders. And she also finds a place in the hearts of everyone who beholds this beautiful and appealing story, which will be shown at the Victoria Theatre to-night.

play, they are too light. Sometimes I think football should be divided into classes according to the weight, as in boxing. That arrangement would certainly serve to show the Chinese worth as footballers. The sailors are by far the most scientific of what might be termed the heavier teams and when pitted against such a side, what chance have the Chinese got? But I am sure they will put up a plucky fight, and the match ought to be worth watching.

The second division does not offer any special excitement for the coming week end. Kowloon must win their match against the Indians. The only match in the second division which should provide a small degree of interest is that between the Manchester Regiment and South China "B" team. This soldier team is a fairly clever one and if they show the same form as on the occasion they met St. Joseph's College, the Chinese will be hard pushed to win. The fact that the Chinese have a chance to win this match at all is that the Manchester team is not such a heavy one as the other soldier teams and therefore the Chinese will not be giving away much weight.

By the by, since writing these notes I notice that the meeting of the League has accepted the R.G.A. (R) re-election from the league. I understand that there have been several applications to fill the vacancy thus caused by the gunners and that the matter has been referred to the management committee. I have made enquiries and learn that that committee has decided to elect the H.K. Club (R) as successors to the gunners and they play their first match tomorrow against the United, on the Military ground. Kick off at 2.30 sharp. It was not stated for what reason the gunners are retiring from the league, but I feel certain that inability to raise and maintain a team under present circumstances with men going home for "demob" has forced the decision.

PIRATES AT BAY.

TWO YEARS' HARD LABOUR FOR SEVEN.

Before their Worshipships Mr. R. O. Hutchison and Mr. R. E. Lindsell, seven men were charged with being in unlawful possession of dangerous weapons comprising four revolvers, three swords, a dagger, wires and bamboo torches.

The Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe C.S.P. prosecuted.

It will be remembered that a few weeks ago, Sergeants Murphy and Lanningan, accompanied by a party of Indian and Chinese constables went out to Chin Chau Wan, having received information that pirates were somewhere in the vicinity. Sergeant Lanningan with a number of constables surrounded a water-logged sandboat on the foreshore, while Sergeant Murphy and his men boarded it. They found six men on board, and another who had jumped into the water. A struggle ensued, but the alleged pirates were over-powered, and all were handcuffed, and brought to the Yaumati Police Station. It was then believed that the arrested men were those who were involved in the piracy and murder at Lamna and Lema Islands.

Sergeant Murphy, this morning in the witness box, stated that after a struggle with the men, and when they were handcuffed, a search of the boat was made. He found boxes containing revolvers and there was a separate box with the sword (produced). Some wires were found behind a box, and there were two bamboo torches. There was only an oil lamp burning on board.

Replying to Mr. Wolfe, witness said that all the defendants were on the flat deck sitting together. A Chinese detective stated that at 10.30 on the night of the 3rd, he, in the company of the Police went to Chin Chau Wan, to raid a boat there which was an unnumbered one. When they were on the shore, approaching the boat, he noticed the first defendant jumping into the water. He with a constable ran out and seized him after a struggle lasting five minutes. He saw no other men than the seven prisoners in custody.

Mr. Wolfe said it was a curious fact that there were four revolvers and three daggers, which equalled the number of the prisoners. There were altogether 21 rounds of ammunition. The revolvers were fully loaded, and the daggers were sharpened. As there was no property with them, with the exception of the weapons, their only object could be to commit an armed robbery or a piracy. He would ask for a maximum penalty to be imposed on them.

Sentence of two years' hard labour was passed on each of the accused.

Spend your Evenings in a "WALLA WALLA" Launch.

TO-DAY'S

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

SEVENTEEN "SHANGHAI HORSE BAZAAR" Subscription Grifts are due to arrive in the Colony on SUNDAY the 23rd instant, and will be drawn for at the JOCKEY CLUB STABLES at 5 p.m. the following day.

The lists of subscribers to the above will therefore be CLOSED immediately before the drawing takes place, and not on the 30th instant as previously advertised.

By Order,

G. W. GEGG,

Acting Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, November 21, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from THE MARSHAL OF THE PRIZE COURT, to sell by Public Auction,

on

THURSDAY,

November 27, 1919, at 11 a.m.

at The Police Pier, Yaumati,

The Steam Launch,

"BLACKHEAD,"

Built at Compositon Dock, 1907,

Length B.P. 52 feet.

Beam 10 "

Depth 5 " 3 inches.

ENGINES—Compound Surface Condensing.

BOILER—Diameter 4 feet 9 inches x 5 feet 6 inches.

Tanks—2 Oash.

HUGHES & HUGHES,

Auctioneers to the Admiralty.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

WEDNESDAY,

November 26, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,

at MESSRS SHEWAN, TOMES' Garage, Russell Street.

One two seater

"WOOD" CAR,

with all accessories

in good running order.

To be sold without reserve.

On view day of sale or by arrangement.

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HUGHES,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

KWAN HING, Goldsmith and Jeweller, beg to inform their Customers and the Public that they have REMOVED to—

No. 38, Wellington Street.

situated a few houses opposite to their old premises in the same street.

Hongkong, November 20, 1919.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID SELECTION

OF

EIDER-DOWN

QUILTS

IN SATIN AND

SATEEN COVERINGS

ALL SIZES.

FROM \$8.50 TO \$80 EACH.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

JUST ARRIVED.

NEW COLUMBIA DANCE RECORDS.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC COY. LTD.

(THE COLUMBIA SHOP)

16, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL.

TEL. 1292.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

MOTOR DEPARTMENT.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR:

COLE, DODGE AND OLDSMOBILE CARS,

FEDERAL TRUCKS-FIRE TYRES,

HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLES, ARROW,

BRENNAN, JACOBSEN, MEITZ, RED WING,

ROBERTS, & VENN-SEVERIN MARINE ENGINES.

We stock Spare Parts also carry a complete line of Auto-Accessories and Motorboat Fittings.

MOTOR CAR STORAGE

AND

Repairs of all descriptions under European supervision.

Re-painting a specialty.

INQUIRIES AND INSPECTION INVITED.

Call at our Motor Garage

No. 7 Russell Street OR Phone 659.

NOTICE.

We have just received fresh stocks of all CUTEX preparations. CUTEX is absolutely the last thing in manure. Try it.

Pepsodent Tooth Paste, the scientific new departure in Dental Preparations. Prices lowered by high exchange.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

14, Queen's Road Central.

Telephone No. 1377.

O. B. BEER

PRODUCE OF MANILA.

THE PREMIER BEER

NOW ON THE MARKET.

STOCKED BY ALL

THE LEADING HOTELS & CLUBS

IN THE COLONY.

Price per Case 6 doz. Pints, duty paid \$16.50.

SOLE AGENTS—

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Tel. No. 125.

6, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

There is only one Super-production Screening in Hongkong to-night!

"THE SERPENT"

at

THE CORONET,

Where also is to be seen the best Pathe news picture even placed. Come early so that you do not miss a single item of it.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE ONE OF THE MOST CHARMING CREATIONS OF THE SCREEN

BESSIE LOVE

HER LATEST AND GREATEST EXTRA-SELECTED PHOTO-PLAY

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SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

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VICTORIA & VANCOUVER—Tacoma via Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi & Yokohama.

APRIL MARU (Calling Shanghai) Saturday, 22nd November.

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For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to Y. TASUDA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

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SOURABAYA & SAMARANG—TAIKOO WAN YU—Nov. 23, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO—TEAN—Nov. 23, at 4 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK—KWANGSE—Nov. 25, at 5 a.m.
SHANGHAI—SUZYANG—Nov. 25, at Noon.
SHANGHAI—SINKIANG—Nov. 27, at Noon.

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FOR STRAITS TO SAIL
TIENTSIN via WEIHAIWEI & CHEFOO—CHIPSHEUNG—SATURDAY, Nov. 23, Daylight.
SANDAKAN—HINSANG—TUESDAY, Nov. 25, at Noon.
SHANGHAI—TUNGSHING—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 26, Daylight.
Kobe—CHAKSANG—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 26, at 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI—KWONGSANG—THURSDAY, Nov. 27, Daylight.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA—KWANGSANG—MONDAY, Dec. 1, at 3 p.m.
Kobe—LAISANG—FRIDAY, Dec. 5, at 3 p.m.

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"CITY OF SPOKANE" About January 5.

"ICOMIUM" About January 20.

"SEATTLE SPIRIT" About February 1.

"WHEATLAND" About February 15.

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Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 15
Empress of Russia	Dec. 5	Jan. 12
Empress of Japan	Jan. 11	Feb. 4
Monteagle	Jan. 3	Jan. 27
Empress of Asia	Jan. 22	Feb. 9
Empress of Japan	Mar. 10	Mar. 31
Empress of Russia	Mar. 11	Mar. 29
Monteagle	Mar. 22	April 15
Empress of Asia	April 3	April 26
Empress of Japan	May 5	May 26
Empress of Russia	May 6	May 24
Monteagle	May 29	June 22
Empress of Asia	June 3	June 21
Empress of Japan	June 30	July 21
Empress of Russia	July 1	July 19

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QUINNEBAUG Capt. Medina WEDNESDAY, 28th November at Noon.

HAIHONG Capt. J. W. Evans FRIDAY, 28th November at 1 p.m.

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Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

GERMAN GENERAL STREET NEWSVENTOR.

DRAMATIC FALL IN FORTUNES OF PRUSSIAN AUTOCRAT.

GERMAN'S TRIBUTE TO US.

"How are the mighty fallen and the weapons of war perished!"

A striking illustration of the truth of the old Biblical saying reaches *The Daily Mirror* from a German correspondent.

A few months ago there rode at the head of a once all-powerful German Army, with all its pomp and blatant splendour, a proud and autocratic general.

Today he stands at the corner of a road in Hamburg—selling newspapers!

This dramatic discovery was made by a German subject who returned to the Fatherland after ten years' absence in China, where he had gone to make his fortune.

ANNOUNCES IN FATHERLAND.

"Unfortunately in February of this year," he writes, "the Chinese Government gave out the notification that she will repatriate all the Germans, and I had to follow this order as well." He continues—

We were embarked in a British cargo steamer (Blue Funnel Line, Alfred Holt), which was transformed into a transport.

This was, naturally, not very pleasant, but it could not be prevented, owing to shortness of steamships.

We were over 700 persons on board, and we all agreed that not only the captain but the whole crew did their utmost to make the stay on board during our eight weeks' journey as convenient as possible.

But all these troubles were nothing compared to the annoyances in store for us in the old country, Germany.

Here I may remark, by the way, that in consideration of the short time the Chinese Government gave us to leave the country (about thirty-six hours) we had no time to settle our private affairs, and most of us certainly lost a great deal of our goods and chattels.

On account of these circumstances we arrived at our destination absolutely broken down.

NOT AFRAID TO BE CAUGHT.

The German Government has now organised a relief committee in every town for those poor people who lost their property on account of the war.

Now this organisation is abused by many people in going in the forenoon to the benevolent fund, to get their card stamped and cash the money at the end of the week.

This means seven to eight marks a day, and in the afternoon they earn some money more by occasional work. They are not afraid to be caught as nobody is watching or looking after them.

These organisations are in all the provinces of Prussia and under the inspection of a so-called Landeshauptmann—that means, Captain-General of the Province.

The man I am talking about is the Captain-General of Schleswig-Holstein, and is staying at Kiel.

The reason, may be, is that he carries the small word, "von" (in French, "de") in front of his name, but about his duty in the service he knows nothing.

STANDING AT THE CORNER.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

(Continued from Page 1.)

POLICY IN RUSSIA.

We had hoped Denikin, and that policy had been successful. The regions of the Don and the Ukraine were anti-Bolshevik, but it was clear that whenever the armies marched to Central Russia beyond a certain point, they failed, though no one could say what Central Russia wanted.

Britain, however, could not finance a civil war in Russia indefinitely. Our first concern was for our own country, where the shortest road to Bolshevism was financial bankruptcy.

Britain had contributed more than any country to the anti-Bolsheviks, contributed more than France, Japan and America combined. He boasted in this connection because there was an obligation of honour that France and Britain should come to a similar view, namely, that the Government could not burden the taxpayer further in respect of operations in Russia among its present difficulties.

It was a fact that Koltchak and Denikin were fighting for a reunited Russia, whereas Ethelind, Latvia and Lithuania were fighting for independence, while other great anti-Bolshevik forces were fighting for local independent nationality. Because of this, it was very difficult to lay down a policy.

He pointed out that those favouring intervention in Russia were opposed to intervention in Armenia and vice versa.

Furthermore, the Germans were still present in the Baltic Provinces. They must be cleared out; otherwise, the peace of Europe was not safe.

He asked who advocated the terrible responsibility of restoring order in a country which was a continent, in which every nation and every army which had intervened up to the present had gathered a harvest of disaster. He himself refused the responsibility. (Cheers.)

HAYAS REVIEW.

PARIS, November 14th.

A Hayas message says:—President Poincaré was installed Lord Rector of Glasgow University, yesterday, amidst enthusiastic applause, the students singing the "Marseillaise."

He afterwards received the Freedom of the City and left Glasgow at night en route for Dover, where he embarked for France.

A Hayas message says:—The Marseilles Opera House, built in 1784, was burnt to ashes.

The Peace Conference has sent a Note to the German Government stating that the municipal elections in Silesia are null and void.

A Hayas message says:—There is no change in the situation in regard to the Paris printing workers' strike.

No results of the French Parliamentary Elections are expected before Wednesday, November 15th, on account of the difficult calculations to be made in the scrutiny lists.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[BY COURTESY "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

JAPAN AND MOHAMMEDANISM—A SINISTER MOVEMENT.

Alarmist reports reach Peking regarding Japanese activities in Sinkiang and Kansu. It is alleged that the Japanese are endeavouring to incite the Mohammedans to revolt against the Chinese Government and proclaim Islamic independence.

A feature of the movement is the reported request of the Chinese Mohammedans to be permitted to visit Mecca. As a matter of fact the Chinese Mohammedans have never required such permission.

Confirmation of Japanese activities is furnished by the publication at Mulden of an organ to promote Pan-Asianism. It is printed in Chinese, Japanese, Mongolian, Turki and Arabic. This organ is published by a well-known Japanese. It contains articles particularly subversive of British influence in Asia. The movement claims to have branches in Mulden, Dairen, Calcutta and Constantinople.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS

[Translated for the China Mail from the Wah Tat Yat Po.]

SHANGHAI, Nov. 20.

Another Tucidius has wired to Peking to give his support to the Cabinet Ministers selected by the new Premier. He is General Wong Jim Yuen of Hupeh.

Commander Ho Fung has been appointed as Acting Resident-General of Shanghai.

Mr. Chang Wu, the Chief Commissioner Salt Revenue Bureau, has proposed to put a uniform price on the salt of the whole country and to reform the salt districts.

It is reported that the amount of the tobacco and wine loan will probably be increased to \$50,000,000.

PEKING, Nov. 20.

Information from a reliable source speaks of Mr. Okura, the Japanese plenipotentiary, and the re-establishment of the Sino-Japanese Bank with Messrs. To Yu Lin and Lu Chang Yu. The capital will be \$20,000,000. It is stated the Japanese capitalists want to oust American capitalists and monopolize the loans to China.

The Parliament will close its session soon and many of its members have left Peking. It is feared there will not be a quorum for the voting of the Cabinet ministers.

UNPOPULAR GRANT BY M.C.I.

MEETING A FIASCO.

My Week's Chat has had to run into two editions this week. Gossip has been inundated with copy on the latest social upheaval. It seems as if the foundations of Hongkong's little social structure are rocking on a wave of insipient rebellion against an act of extreme autocracy on the part of the acting president of the Ministering Children's League.

I am informed on fairly reliable authority that a revolt of the committee is in the making.

It would be too much to expect that the ladies in question should make an open fight against alleged injustice or misadministration, the majority of people out here have still to learn the dignity of the courage of conviction. However we take it as a sign of grace that they are able to realize that no one person has the right to dominate and overrule the representatives of a society or league and it would be utterly absurd for the women who have worked for so many years to establish the guild, to resign in a body, instead of courageously insisting upon having the wishes of the majority carried out.

The story of the upheaval comes in more or less the same guise from all sources, so one is bound to accept the facts.

Some days ago the China Mail reported from the Committee of the Ministering Children's League a statement of the financial result of the recent bazaar and of the year's entertainments.

This was published without comment, for as usual, Press reporters had not been invited to report the meeting, although it dealt with the distribution of \$6,700 of public money.

Though in our unofficial capacity we may have pondered and wondered at the allocation of some of the funds, we were not called upon to voice our opinions, as long as we supposed that these allocations were decided upon with the consent of the committee, who have been appointed by the League to represent them at meetings. We strive to turn public opinion and perhaps occasionally to give an educational lead, by pointing out in subtle suggestion, modern and fair means of procedure.

I cannot say for certain that my remarks on the necessity for publicity in public matters in last "Week's Chat," have had any effect, but certain it is, that information has been brought to the China Mail office, which cannot be ignored, and is now offered to the public for judgment or contradiction.

Taking all the stories together and sifting the grain from the chaff the following appears to be a pretty accurate account of what took place at the meeting of the M.C.I.

Incidentally, it would be interesting to know whether minutes of the meeting were taken and whether it is possible to prove or disprove, by means of those minutes the statements that are in circulation and which on the surface appear to be incredible.

Mrs. Gurner presided over the meeting and it is reported that she expressed a desire to allocate the sum of £100 a year for a grant for the education of a Chinese girl-teacher. This grant to be effective for three years and to support a Chinese girl at Cheltenham College.

The suggestion is said to have raised a storm of opposition which was eventually staved off, by the statement that the final decision rested with the chair. The authority to exercise this decision having been allocated to the acting President, by the late President, Lady May, I have already said that the story sounds absurd and incredible and I would not publish it, but for the fact that it is the talk of the town from the parlours of the Peak to the ferry and homes of Kowloon, wherever the Ministering League Associates and members congregate.

The talk related that wholesale resignations are contemplated and that when Lady Stubbs arrives she will be asked to reorganize the League. It certainly would be most unjust and unconstitutional for the chair to use its personality and position to force an unpopular measure upon the committee. Lady May had no power to hand such authority over to anyone, without the consent of the members.

When she left the Colony it was up to the members to elect a new or acting chair, and if their society is run on regular and businesslike lines, the functions and power of the chair must be laid down in the constitution and it would be impossible for any one to go beyond or behind those rules.

The M.C.I. has been in existence for a number of years, it has done fine works and has been the one link between women and children in all sections and grades of society and has presumably a large membership. In the past, monthly reunions were held, entertainments with the object of raising funds were given by various branches and all worked together for one object. A league or society dealing with the large sums of money which have annually passed through its treas-

TRADE WITH GERMANY.

GOVERNMENT'S ADVICE TO BRITISH MERCHANTS.

In an official notice issued lately regarding the conditions under which goods may be sent to Germany, the late enemy territories, the Baltic States, Scandinavia, and other neutral countries in Europe, the Board of Trade say: "During the war it has been necessary to prohibit all trading with the enemy, but with the conclusion of peace with Germany the necessity for this prohibition has ceased. It may be expected that there will be a considerable demand in the late enemy countries for all kinds of goods. As this market is now open to all the world, it is no part of the policy of the Government to discourage British traders from competing therein, and it is desirable that British traders should make every effort to secure a proper footing in Central Europe."

Particulars are appended regarding the new trading conditions in the countries mentioned, as affected by the raising of the blockade and the removal of the British import restrictions. The principal condition as regards Germany and the late enemy countries are as follows:—

Exports.—Any goods may be sent to Germany without licence, except goods on Lists A and B of prohibited exports. . . . It is understood that at present the import of all goods into unoccupied Germany is subject to import licence for which the German consular has to make application to the competent authority in Berlin.

Imports.—Any goods may be imported from Germany, and paid for, without licence, except goods whose importation from all foreign countries is prohibited. Import prohibitions now apply only to a small number of goods.

There should be founded on strictly constitutional lines and unless this has been done and businesslike minutes and reports and audited accounts kept, it is extremely easy for any new president or officer to upset and disarrange the old procedure and bring discord into the camp and all with the best of intentions.

The chances are that she would find plenty of room for improvement. The happy family system of running things is alright, as long as the family continues to be happy.

Lady May's tact and genial good-will were such, that little disputes were easily settled and no questions of great import and discord arose. With her departure a new element was introduced and the new president with great determination set about trying to bring a spurt of fresh vigour into things.

She has it one may judge by report no records of any value to go on, no one to give her a clear statement of the policy and aims of the league she has been asked to pilot, and she has the misfortune to blunder on to the most unpopular scheme for progress and to choose a charity with which no one in the Colony sympathizes. No one wishes to see another Chinese charity added to the list that already shows a preponderance of Chinese over European benefactors, at a time when one's own race and countrymen and women are wanting all the help they can get.

If the money subscribed by the Hongkong public is to be used to educate a girl at a public school, why not find the daughter of a victim of the war; a girl of our own race.

I know a woman whose husband was killed at Mons, she has two children, who have to be educated on her meagre pension.

She has never been trained to work, so she has been obliged to take a position as a sort of superior nurse house-keeper in the home of a rich baron, an alien. One child has been sent to a convent, and the other has been adopted by relatives.

A hundred years ago a woman like that would mean a lot more than a college education for a Chinese girl. This dabbling with the reformation of the lot of the Chinese, is like a drop in the ocean. But then, that is not the question and I do not see how we can blame Mrs. Gurner for what we consider is a mistake. It is up to the committee of which she is chairman to see that she represents their views. The committee stands or falls by what it allows its chairman to do. If it is true that she acted in direct opposition to the will of the majority it was up to them to protest then and there, to demand that their protest be minutes and to call a general meeting of all members of the league to arbitrate and decide by a general election, whether they wished their affairs to be in the hands of Mrs. Gurner and her party, or in the hands of the old committee, presumably elected by them.

In accepting the ruling of the chair the committee has accepted equal responsibility and until the people of Hongkong learn to act in a businesslike and courteous manner when they are working for the public and dealing with public funds, abuses and scandals will continue to exist and gossip will always have plenty of copy for the China Mail.

THE GOSSIP.

STOWAWAY'S CUNNING STORY.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. R. O. Hutchison, with being a stowaway on board the Jardine Matheson's s.s. "Fook Sang," bound for Singapore. Defendant said that while the ship was in the harbour, he was engaged as a substitute to work in the kitchen and was promised by the principal cook, that he would tell him the time to leave the ship when it was about to sail for Singapore. The cook had not told him anything about the departure, and he had a sleep on board. He found himself surrounded by the Police when he woke up.

P. C. Griffin stated that when the ship reached the examination anchorage, the defendant was discovered hiding in the fireman's quarters. His Worship fined defendant \$25.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Administrative Orders by Major G. H. Wakeman, V.D., Acting Administrative Commandant.

10TH. No. 5th Coy., "A" Company, "B" Company, is permitted to resign, on leaving the Corps, from December 23, 1919.

LEAVE. The N. E. Kent, "A" Company, is granted 12 months' leave dated 18.11.19.

The P. L. Knight, "B" Company, is granted two months' leave dated 18.11.19.

AMMUNITION. Members of the Corps purchasing Ammunition are reminded that they are required to return the Charges and Receipts to Defence Corps Headquarters Store.

Orders for Artillery Company by Major J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

A Musketry Competition will be held at King's Park Range, Kowloon, on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 9.30 a.m. Uniform optional. Bayonet must be taken. Ammunition will be supplied.

MUSKETRY COURSE. Sunday, Dec. 7.—Right Half Company at King's Park Range, Kowloon, and Left Half Company at Tai Koo Range, Quarry Bay. Full details will be issued later.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain R. Hall.

P.E.L. CLASSES FOR HIGHER RATINGS. P.E.L. CLASSES for higher ratings will be held at Belcher's at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, Nov. 26. Officer on duty: Lieut. G. E. Marley.

PAY. Pay and Travelling Expenses for October will be issued at Engineer Company Office, H.K.D.C. Headquarters, between 5.15 p.m. and 5.45 p.m. on Wednesday, Nov. 26.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major Wakeman, V.D., Officer Commanding.

"B" COMPANY. PARADES. Saturday, Nov. 22.—2.30 p.m. Nos. 5 and 6 Platoons at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course.

Part I. The following will attend: Lieut.-Colonel W. Wright, Ptes. J. Carr, A. G. Coppin, E. R. J. Adams, W. E. Ford, R. Baker, J. McCord, and B. Baker. Sergeants: Oxberry and Beavis, Corpl. Jackman, Ptes. J. Carr, Clack, W. S. Gendin, H. O. Holt, J. A. Plummer, E. H. Ray, J. O. Sheppard, T. F. Claxton and W. Jackson. Sergt. F. Meade will attend. Dress, Drill order (helmet).

Sunday, Nov. 30.—9.30 a.m. Nos. 5 and 6 Platoons at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course. Part I. The following will attend: Corpl. J. Lyon, Lieut.-Colonel E. F. A. Scott, Ptes. W. E. Roberts, A. F. Smith, P. A. Macintosh, W. Sinclair, O. R. Benson, C. G. Alabaster, G. Hogg, E. W. White, F. H. Smith, and J. Hunter. Sergeants: Oxberry and Beavis, Corpl. Jackman, Ptes. G. Stuart, H. H. Taylor, A. E. Paine, W. A. Stephens, R. E. Bellis, D. K. Moss, A. Jenkins, A. G. M. Fletcher, C. H. P. Hay and T. E. Penrose. Sergt. F. Meade will attend. Dress, Drill order (helmet).

G. E. STEWART, Captain, Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps, Hongkong, Nov. 21, 1919.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG RIFLE LEAGUE. Members of the Corps are reminded of the practice shoot at King's Park Range at 2.30 p.m. on Sunday, 23rd instant.

RIFLE COMPETITIONS. A Meeting of the Corps Shooting Committee will be held at Headquarters on Monday, 24th instant, at 5.30 p.m., to discuss arrangements for Rifle Competitions, etc. Separate notices have been issued to each member of the Committee.

"WALLA WALLA" Launches at Blake Pier. Night and day service.

A DISHONEST EMPLOYEE.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning a Chinese employed in a shop at Pottinger Street was charged with the larceny of a bag of rice valued at \$30 the property of his employer.

The manager of the shop said he was living on the top floor of the shop and early this morning he was called by one of his boys to go downstairs. He went below and saw defendant, in the custody of a Chinese constable, and a bag of rice on the ground. A Chinese constable stated that at 5.55 a.m. this morning while he was on duty in Pottinger Street, and was going down towards Des Voeux Road Central, he saw the head of a person peeping out of the door of a shop. He went up and found defendant standing beside the door with a bag of rice on the ground. He asked what he was doing there so early in the morning when defendant said he was a messenger. He was suspicious and asked out the door of the shop, he had him arrested.

The manager of the shop said the defendant had been in his employ for about a year. His conduct was good until recently when he took to tampering. He had given away orders to men to take any bags of rice from the shop. He fined defendant \$25 for this offence.

The following are the entries for the St. Andrew's meeting on Saturday, November 29.

1st Race (and 2nd Race) 1 Mile—Class Handicap.—Dalesman, Morning Star, White Fang, Malcolm, Levejoy, Tonic, Red Ensign, Alexander, Ringwood, Burning Daylight, Rheostat, Maybe, Snuffbox, Swallow, Gentle Cat.

3rd Race.—Distance Handicap.—White Chalk, Morning Star, White Fang, Variety, Cherub, Leander (late Avon Dahlia), Gray Boy and Rheostat.

4th Race.—St. Andrew's Cup.—Que, Yeoman, Rab, Cornet, Jazzify, John Peel's "Brown," John Peel's "Unnamed," John Peel's "Exchange," George Mac, Lowe's "Unamed," Paddlebox, Sand Martin and Ruination.

5th Race.—1 Mile Consolation.—White Chalk, Dalesman, White Fang, Cherub, Tonic, Ringwood Snuffbox Swallow.

6th Race.—1 1/2 Mile Handicap.—Malcolm, Levejoy, Paper Money, Red Ensign, Snuffbox, Gentle Cat.

7th Race.—Half mile for unplaced Lancers Subs.—

Que, Rab, Jazzify, Lowe's "Unamed," Paddlebox, Sand Martin, John Peel's "Brown," John Peel's "Exchange," George Mac, Ruination.

KOWLOON BRITISH SCHOOL SPORTS.

The athletic sports of the Kowloon British school were held at the Kowloon Cricket Club this afternoon. There was a large gathering of the parents and friends of the pupils present and the various events were very keenly contested by the young mites. H. E. the Governor (Sir Reginald Stubbs, K.C.M.G.) accompanied by Capt. Edwards attended at about 4 p.m., and showed much interest in the proceedings. His Excellency presented the prizes at the conclusion. A fuller account together with the results of the various events will be published tomorrow.

HARBOUR INCIDENTS, ETC.

A fatality occurred in the harbour yesterday afternoon. The steam launch "Fei Wan" was crossing the harbour, when a man who was sitting on the side of the deck, accidentally fell overboard, and was drowned. The body has not been recovered.

The master of a licensed junk reports that on Thursday while the junk was being towed by a launch across the harbour, a lighter towed by a Kowloon Godowns Co's. launch collided with it and damaged the stern.

A painter while engaged in work on the scaffolding of a house in Shanghai Street, overbalanced himself and fell below. Fortunately the distance was not high. He received injuries to his left knee.

RETURN OF THE HEROES.

A lady watches from the crowd, Enthusiastic, flushed, and proud. "Oh, there's Sir Arthur, just there—such a splendid leader!" How pleased he looks! What rows of medals on his tunic!

Such dignity! Saluting—(Wave your flag, now, Freda!) "Yes, dear, I saw a Prussian General once, at Munich."

Here's the next carriage Jack was once in Leggio's Corps. That's him. I think the stout one is Sir Geoffrey Stoomer. They must feel sad to think they can't win any more Great victories. Aren't they splendid men, so full of honour!" SIEGFRIED SASSOON.

For Evening Wear.



Shirts - Stiff or Soft Fronts. Collars - in Quarter Size. Ties - to tie or made up. Socks - Black Silk. Waistcoats - in Silk or Cotton. Gloves - White Silk or Kid.

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16 Des Voeux Road. Telephone 29.

盛章裕

A most pleasing and acceptable present for friends at home is a parcel of China Tea either for Xmas, New Year, or any time. Messrs. Yu Chong Tea Growers, Dealers and Exporters can supply splendid Teas, and send them abroad for their Customers so as to save them trouble.

YU CHONG,
85 Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

SOMETHING USEFUL FOR YOUR CHILDREN.

BICYCLES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. VARIOUS SIZES. TRICYCLES. COASTERS HAND CARS AND SCOOTERS.

A VARIETY CONSIGNMENT JUST UNPACKED.

THE EXILE GARAGE

33-35 DES VOEUX ROAD.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS. The s.s. "Chipping" (Capt. Matthews) arrived from Canton at 6 a.m. to-day with 250 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Kwongse" (Capt. J. R. Shearer) arrived from Bangkok via Hoihow yesterday with 1,600 tons of general cargo and mails.

The s.s. "Tungshing" (Capt. McAlinh) arrived from Newchwang via Dairen yesterday with 11,800 piculs of beans and seeds for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Devawongse" (Capt. C. W. Shearer) arrived from Bangkok yesterday with 1,000 tons of rice and 9,523 packages of general cargo for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Sancon" (Capt. Warren) arrived from New York via Nagasaki yesterday with 900 tons of general cargo for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Andre Lebon" (Captain Caboungue) arrived from Marseilles via Hongay yesterday with 2,000 tons of through general cargo and mails.

The s.s. "Taisho Maru" (Capt. Imozaki) arrived from Dairen via Kure yesterday with 2,900 tons of coal and 50 tons of general cargo for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Tango Maru" (Capt. Nishimura) arrived from Melbourne via Manila yesterday with 1,810 tons of flour, fodder, milk and lead for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Tonglee" (Captain Watanabe) arrived from Newchwang at 7.30 a.m. to-day with 1,700 tons of general cargo for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Andre Lebon" (Captain Caboungue) sailed for Yokohama via Shanghai at 2 p.m. to-day with 500 tons of general cargo and 9 European passengers.

The s.s. "Tango Maru" (Capt. Nishimura) sailed for Yokohama via Nagasaki at noon to-day with 150 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Yuensang" (Capt. Kennedy) sailed for Manila at 3 p.m. to-day with 550 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Hatching" (Capt. Stewart) sailed for Foochow via Swatow and Amoy at 1 p.m. to-day with 1,200 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Childar" (Capt. Mathiasen) sailed for Bangkok via Swatow at 3 p.m. to-day with 450 tons of general cargo.

THE OLD ORDER PASSETH. No more will the captain's chatter pawls. No more will the anchor engine stir. As the chain through the hawse-pipe walls. No more will the mate jump up and swear. When he sits on the steam-pipe hot. No more will us sailors our bags knees wear. Scourin' away the grease-spots. No more will the witch-indicator splutter and foam. Life ragin' wild-cats live. You'll just hear a dopey, hummin' drone. They're installin' electric drive.

—JAMES V. MURRAY.

THOSE WORDS! Humbly dedicated to N. . . . Those words last night were as a dagger to me. That threatens to pierce into my grief laden breast; Move it not, because it will also be The dagger that will wound your chest. If I'm wounded, why are you not? Do you no longer feel the beatings of my heart? Are we no longer what we used to be? Ah, precious love! What a bitter moment Would it be when you'll say again to me

Those words that tend to bring me love Into its eternal repose! What a sad moment would it be When two hearts will meet in the depth Of that ever yawning grave! Yes, it will be a happy moment when it comes! It will be a moment fraught with true bliss As no veiled eyes will watch our steps, No discouraging words will be said to us And no voices of hypocrites we'll hear. In eternity! But we'll only lead In our tearful grave, the breeze of love. That whisper joys and the ever dawning dawn that Will wash away our aches in unknown space! Those words! I pray, you just not say again to me. They are as dagger this moment my heart frays With sorrow, grief, and love that mourns for you At the dead of the night! ESANIP.

Hongkong, November 20.

TAMIL WORDS.

REMARKABLE ASSERTIONS CONCERNING DERIVATION.

In the *Times of Ceylon*, W.O.A. writes—Has it struck anyone as remarkable how Tamil words have been absorbed into not the English spoken in Ceylon, but the lingua franca of the world generally. For instance, the term "coolie" is a pure Tamil word spelt "kuli" and means wages. The word "cash" is merely a corruption of the Tamil "kasi" signifying a small coin. The terms "catamaran" used all over the world is none other than the Tamil "kattamaran" which means fastened logs. The term "muligatawney" used all over the East for the soup, we generally enjoy on Sunday is the Anglicised form of "milaku tannir" or "kasam" as it is more fashionably termed, which is invariably taken at the end of an Indian meal like soup at the beginning of an English dinner—Milaku, pepper; and tannir, water—Cheroot, once quite popular but gradually giving place to "cigar," is the Tamil noun "cherutu," something rolled up. "Ayah" is the Tamil word "ayah," grandmother. When the "ayah" is summoned by her English mistress the latter is not aware that she is really addressing her as "granville." The head servant "boy," as he is invariably called, has nothing to do with the English word "boy." The technical term "boy" is a corruption of the Tamil word "bhoyai," a palanquin bearer, who is a fashionable servant. This individual became subsequently a peon and then a table servant as well as a reliable attendant. The word "mamot" is a corruption of the Tamil "manveti," earth digger. So are "ollock," an eighth of a measure. "Bandy" or vandi a cart, "copra" or "koppary" the full coconut. The word "doran" for master is not Tamil, but Telugu, and is not properly applicable to every European. In the Telugu country it is used to denote a great Zemindar; its feminine is "dorasani." A note by the editor of the *Times of Ceylon* says: Our correspondent does not give his authority for many remarkable assertions in this article which, we imagine, will be strongly contested. For instance the idea that the English word cash is derived from the Tamil kasi, is amusing. Does it not strike our correspondent that it is much more likely that the Tamil coolie's kasi is a corruption of "cash." Again the word ayah is the Portuguese aia, meaning a nurse or governess, being the feminine of aio, a tutor. Similarly with the word coolie, which is derived from the name of the Turanian hill tribe Kolas with Kales much employed as porters and labourers. Our correspondent is right with regard to cheroot, catamaran, and muligatawney and it would be interesting to know how they gained such world wide currency. Perhaps some local philologist can tell us whether W.O.A. gives the correct derivation of the word "boy." It is new to us.

EARLY COLDS.

Be careful of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous. A neglected cold may mean a winter of cold. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 21st NOVEMBER, 1919. OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

BANKS		
Banking Exchange 5/1 T. T.		
Hongkong Bank	5370 s.	
Manila Banking Co.	5370 s.	
Canton Ind.	5415 s.	
North China Ind.	5200 s.	
Union Ind.	5195 s.	
Yankee Ind.	5200 s.	
Far Eastern Ind.	5200 s.	
First Indemnity	5135 s.	
China Fire Ins.	5345 s.	
Hongkong Fire Ins.	5345 s.	
Marine		
Douglas	591 s.	
H.K. Steamboat	553 s.	
Indo-China (Ref.)	520 s.	
Shell Transport	5205 s.	
Star Ferry	535 s.	
Marine		
China Sugars	5195 s.	
Malabar Sugars	544 s.	
Miners		
Kallian Mining Adm.	90/ b.	
Langkat	719 s.	
Shanghai Loans	5118 s.	
Shanghai Explorations	5118 s.	
Rails	5118 s.	
Transit	5118 s.	
Ural Caspian	5118 s.	
Doors, Wharves, Godowns, etc.		
H.K. Wharves	5104 s.	
H. & W. Docks	5180 s.	
Shanghai Docks	5180 s.	
New Engineering	5271 s.	
Lines, Hotels & Buildings		
Central Hotels	5109 s.	
Hongkong Hotel	5150 s.	
Hongkong Lands	5118 s.	
Humphreys	504 s.	
Kowloon Lands	548 s.	
Land Reclamations	5175 s.	
West Point	560 s.	
Corporations		
Ewo Cottons	5650 s.	
Kung Yik	518 s.	
Lago Kung Mow	5380 s.	
Oriental	5320 s.	
Shanghai Cottons	5335 s.	
Yangtze	537 s.	
Merchandise		
Cement	57 s.	
China Borax	5133 s.	
China Lights Old 7/1 & New 5/1	58 s.	
China-Providents	58 s.	
Dairy Farms	524 s.	
H.K. Electric	594 s.	
Macao Ind.	534 s.	
Hongkong Ropes	520 s.	
H.K. Tramways	5730 s.	
Peak Tramways (Old)	57 s.	
do. (New)	580 s.	
Steam Laundry	53 s.	
H.K. Steel Foundry	510 s.	
Water-works	516 s.	
Watsons	516 s.	
Powells	512 s.	
Wickman	527 s.	

Fur's Artistic Remodelling Dry Cleaning, Block of Bombs and Lids, Packing a Contract.

Y. NAGATA c/o MATSUNAGA & CO No. 11, D'Almeida Street.

JUST ARRIVED A quantity of New

FILM PACKS \$1.00 per pack of 12

MEE CHEUNG PHOTOGRAPHER

Lee House Street, Tel. 1013.

BANKS.

Banking Service with AMERICA—direct and personal.

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer direct banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our personal service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Head Office—NEW YORK.

Other branches in—

Shanghai—Hankow—Peking—Tientsin—Manila, Canton.

Asia Banking Corporation HONGKONG.

[STOCKHOLDING BANKS]

Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco Bankers Trust Company, New York City Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill. First National Bank of Portland, Oregon Guaranty Trust Company of New York Guardian Savings Trust Co., Cleveland. Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington. National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, November 21, 1919.

On London	
Bank Wire	5/10
On demand	5/10
30 days sight	5/10
4 months sight	5/10
6 months sight	5/10
12 months sight	5/10
On Paris	
On demand	1000
Credit, 4 months sight	1000
On New York	
On demand	1000
Credit, 60 days sight	1000
On Bombay	
On demand	236
On Calcutta	
On demand	236
On Singapore	
On demand	210
On Shanghai	
On demand	210
30 days sight (private paper)	210
On Yokohama	
On demand	208
Gold Bar, 100 tael (per tael)	98.40
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate)	5.36 p.
Silver (per oz.)	71 1/2

Subsidiary Coins.

Hongkong 50 cents sub.	
10	5 1/2 disc.
5	5 1/2 disc.
Chinese coins	1 1/2 p.m.
Bar Silver in Hongkong	34 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Copper Cash	6 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Copper Cent	7 1/2 p.m.
Rate of Native Interest	7 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Sub. Coin	1 1/2 p.m.
Hongkong Sub. Coin	1 1/2 p.m.

THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Head Office: 101 Des Voeux Road, Central.

DOMESTIC & FOREIGN BANKING. SERVICE PROMPT.

Current, Savings, and Fixed Deposits bear interest at Rates 2%, 4%, 5%, respectively. Loans on our Special Service will be welcomed.

Hongkong, July 7, 1919.

THE CHINESE MERCHANTS BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: 13, Queen's Road, Central.

General Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Loans granted on approved securities. Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received at rates which may be ascertained on application.

The Bank also conducts a Savings Department.

DONG TOY, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Sept. 16, 1919.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid up — \$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of British Property, etc. Goods received on Storage.

Loans made on the Security of Merchandise, etc. and on the Security of Stocks, Bonds, etc. (Rate and Particulars on application.)

To the Office of SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers.

Loans on Mortgage of British Property, etc. Goods received on Storage.

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To the Office of SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL — \$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND — \$10,000,000

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BANKS.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE — HONGKONG.

ESTABLISHED 1912.

PAID-UP CAPITAL — \$2,000,000

RESERVE FUND — \$2,000,000

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WEATHER REPORT.

November 21, 11.4.32. No returns from Vladivostok or Japan. Pressure has increased moderately as Guam and slightly along the coast from Hongkong to Tientsin. It has decreased slightly at other reporting stations.

Probably the anticyclone has become a belt of high pressure extending from central China to the east of Japan. The typhoon in the north-west of Guam is probably moving in a north-westerly direction.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 72.43 inches, against an average of 81.61 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on November 22nd.

1.—Hongkong to Gasp. K. N.E. winds, fresh to fine.

2.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Looe. The same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan. The same as No. 1.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.
HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

NOVEMBER 21, 1919.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Wind. Weather.
Vladivostok	6 a.						
Wemuro	6 a.						
Hakodate	6 a.						
Tokio	6 a.						
Kochi	6 a.						
Nagasaki	6 a.						
Kagoshima	6 a.						
Osaka	6 a.						
Kobe	6 a.						
Shanghai	6 a.						
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